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Analytical Application Sets



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Analytical Application Sets Introduction

Overview

Standardization and the supply of complete packages are two trends that are currently on the up. This can be attributed to the fact that the same application is frequently required in different industrial sectors and overhead can be minimized in this case. Furthermore, customers often want to purchase turnkey systems to minimize the risk of any technical problems.

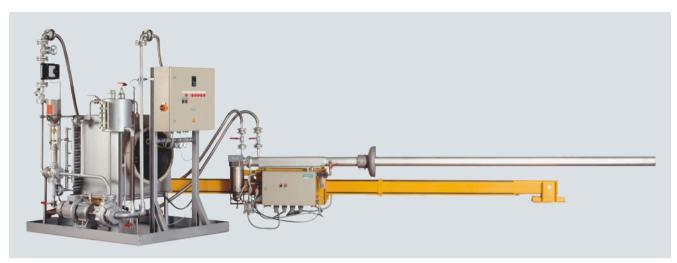
With its Analytical Application Set initiative, Siemens is making use of its wealth of experience to offer standardized packages that are designed with a single application in mind. Its range of applications can cover a variety of industrial sectors.

It is now possible to simply configure and order complete applications straight from the catalog, thereby sharply reducing the amount of time taken between the request and order. All Analytical Application Sets are tested in advance and provide a high level of safety and reliability. The different versions cover a broad spectrum of potential applications and ensure that the sets can be configured for both minimum and maximum requirements.

The order structure makes it possible to choose from different versions and module components, as well as configure the system and order it directly.

General information

Overview



The Set FLK (liquid/air cooling) is a standardized set for gas sampling.

Application

Continuous analysis of flue gas in the rotary kilns of cement factories is essential for the quality of the generated clinker, the efficient use of fuel, and protection of the environment from toxic emissions:

- The analysis permits detailed assessment of the combustion processes, and is therefore a prerequisite for optimization of burner control, fuel requirements and product quality.
- Malfunctions can be detected at an early point in time, and prevented using appropriate countermeasures. At the same time, stable control of the kiln prevents the emission of toxic materials, thus supporting environmental protection.

In a rotary cement kiln, gas samples are usually taken from the intake area by means of a system such as the FLK gas sampling probe, and the concentrations of oxygen (O_2) , carbon monoxide (CO) and nitrogen oxide (NO) measured continuously.

Oxygen (O_2) and carbon monoxide (CO)

During cement production, the largest share of production costs results from the amount of fuel used. On the one hand, complete combustion is important for reducing toxic materials in the exhaust gas, on the other hand an excess of oxygen is a waste of resources. Already an oxygen excess of 1 % means an increased energy consumption of 15 kcal per kg of generated clinker.

Measurement of the concentrations of O_2 and CO permits the furnace operator to optimize the combustion in the rotary kiln with respect to the quality of the generated clinker, reduction in toxic emissions, and reduced use of fuels.

Nitrogen oxide (NO)

The NO concentration in the rotary kiln largely depends on the flame temperature. A temperature held as constant as possible in the clinkering zone is of great significance for a high quality of the generated clinker. Variations in the clinkering zone temperature result in significant changes in the NO concentration.

The NO analysis is therefore an appropriate means for achieving stable and uniform operation of the kiln. Use of an NO_2 converter for measuring nitrogen oxides (NO and NO_2) is not recommended since with this analysis the variation is more important than the absolute value of the nitrogen oxide concentration.

Sulfur dioxide (SO₂)

Because of the increasing share of alternative fuels, some of which have very high sulfur concentrations, analysis of SO_2 in the rotary kiln is becoming increasingly important. High concentrations of SO_2 in the gas circuits result in increased corrosion and frequently to undesirable caking of material in the rotary kiln and in the cyclones of the heat exchanger. In addition, a fast rise in the SO_2 concentration is an early warning of a combustion fault

The difficult environmental conditions in rotary kilns place high demands on the sampling systems. Problematical are the high gas temperature up to 1 400 °C, the high dust concentration of up to 2 000 g/m³ and the high concentrations of alkali, sulfate and chloride in the gas circuits. In addition, the gas sampling probe is subject to high mechanical stress resulting from falling material or the inflowing raw meal.

In particular, high concentrations of sulfur and alkali very frequently result in blockages in the gas paths, necessitating over-proportionally high maintenance of the gas sampling equipment

The FLK gas sampling probe uses a heat transfer liquid with a boiling point of above 300 °C as the coolant. The temperature of the sampled flue gas is up to 200 °C, and is above its acid dew point. This reliably prevents condensation of the flue gas, which, together with the existing dust, can rapidly result in blockages.

General information

Design

The FLK gas sampling system consists of the following components:

Liquid-cooled sampling probe

The probe is available with an immersion depth of between 1 500 and 3 500 mm. It is manufactured from stainless steel mat. no. 1.4571 and its oval shape gives it a high vertical flexion strength. The sampling point is at the tip of the probe on the side pointing away from the flow in order to suck in as little dust as possible from the gas.

The probe is suitable for process gas temperatures of up to 1 400 $^{\circ}$ C.



Liquid-cooled sampling probe

Electrically heated dust filter

The dust filter is used to purify the gas/dust mixture extracted from the process area, and is suitable for dust loads of up to 2 000 g/m³.

Electrical heating up to a temperature of approx. 200 °C prevents crustation or caking of the filter pipe.

Cleaning is carried out automatically at regular intervals, using compressed air at a pressure of approx. 8 bar. To avoid blockage of the filter pores, the compressed air must be free of oil and water residues. Oil residue in particular can lead to caking in the filter pores, which then cannot be removed using compressed air cleaning.

Depending on the dust load, the dust filter can be fitted with filter pipes with different pore sizes.



Electrically heated dust filter

Compressed air valve manifold

Together with the PLC, the valve manifold carries out the regular cleaning programs for purging the gas sampling system.

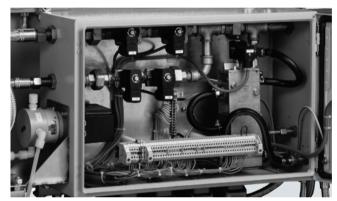
The purging frequency and duration can be adapted to the conditions of the respective plant using the operator panel of the control unit.

Purging can be initiated manually at any time using the integrated pushbutton. An integrated pressure switch detects imminent blockages in the gas paths as early as possible, and initiates immediate purging of the gas sampling system by sending a signal to the control unit.

A condensation trap is fitted on the valve manifold for preliminary separation of condensation and dust from the process gas.

The sample gas is cut off from the downstream gas preparation by means of a four-way solenoid valve with metal-free gas paths.

For purging purposes, compressed air that is free from dust, water and oil and has a pressure of approximately 8 000 hPa must be provided.



Compressed air valve manifold

General information

Retraction unit with electrical and pneumatic drive

In the event of an incident, the retraction unit automatically removes the probe from the rotary kiln in order to protect it against thermal overload. Depending on the probe length, approx. 90 seconds are required up to complete retraction. An electrical geared motor is used as the drive.

Faults that result in immediate retraction of the probe are:

- · Excessively high temperature in cooling circuit
- Coolant level below minimum
- Flow fault

Should the power supply fail, emergency retraction of the probe is carried out by a pneumatic motor provided the supply with compressed air is guaranteed. For maintenance purposes, the probe can be manually retracted at any time using a pushbutton.

The heavy-duty industrial design of the retraction unit guarantees reliable and practically maintenance-free operation.



Retraction unit with electrical and pneumatic drive

Heat exchange unit

The gas sampling probe is cooled by means of a depressurized air/liquid heat exchanger. Use of a synthetic heat transfer liquid with a boiling point above 300 °C permits temperatures of up to 200 °C in the cooling circuit, and therefore equivalent gas sampling temperatures.

To prevent condensation of the flue gas in the gas sampling equipment, gas sampling is only enabled if the temperature in the cooling circuit is at least 130 °C.

The temperature in the cooling circuit is kept as constant as possible by controlling the flow by means of a speed-controlled circulation pump. Depending on the temperature, the flow can be between 1 000 and 3 500 m³/h.



Heat exchange unit

Control and monitoring unit

The core of the FLK gas sampling equipment is the compact control and monitoring unit with Siemens SIMATIC S7-300 programmable logic controller. The equipment is optionally available with an Allen Bradley SLC500 controller.

In addition to the monitoring functions for safe operation of the probe, the control unit is also responsible for regular cleaning of the gas paths.

The operator can use an integrated operator panel to adjust all the parameters, such as the frequency and duration of probe purging, to suit the requirements of the respective plant. No programming knowledge is required to do this.



Control and monitoring unit

General information

Mode of operation

Installation and commissioning

Installation of the FLK probe

A number of points must be observed to permit low-maintenance operation of the gas sampling equipment:

- Preferably installation at the side on the kiln intake chamber opposite the raw meal intake
- The probe must not pass through the material flow of the heat exchanger (danger of mechanical damage and baking of material on probe jacket)
- · Take into account the possibility of falling material
- To avoid the sucking-in of incorrect air, the sampling point should be located approx. 30 cm behind the kiln seal
- The lateral distance from the kiln lining should not be less than 20 cm
- Depending on the design of the retraction unit, sufficient space must be provided behind the probe's mounting location

In case of doubt, please consult an expert.

Installation of the heat exchanger

The heat exchanger should be installed close to the probe, and at the same level if possible. The coolant lines should be kept as short as possible to avoid falsification of the coolant temperature in the probe. Excessive heat radiation on the coolant lines can lead to overheating of the probe in the extreme case since the coolant temperature is measured in the heat exchanger. If the heat exchanger has to be installed further away from the probe for space reasons, the coolant lines must be insulated against heat loss.

Strictly observe the information in the manual when connecting the coolant lines.

The heat exchanger has a thermal output of up to 65 kW. Sufficient ventilation for dissipation of the heat must be provided. During operation, the surfaces of the heat exchanger can reach a temperature of up to 250 °C. To protect against touching by mistake, customers must provide a protective grid around the heat exchanger.

Installation of the retraction unit

A space of approx. 6 000 mm is required behind the probe's mounting location for installation of the retraction unit. If the required space is not available, the retraction unit can be shortened depending on the probe length. For a probe with an immersion depth of 2 500 mm, the minimum length of the retraction unit is approx. 4 700 mm.

The dust filter and valve manifold supplied separately must be fitted to the side of the retraction unit during the mounting.

Installation of the control cabinet

The control cabinet should preferably be installed in a dust-proof room, usually the analyzer room.

Routing of sample gas line

Particularly with non-heated sample gas lines, a continuous downward gradient must be provided from the sampling point to the analyzer cabinet in order to avoid water pockets. Any resulting condensation must be able to flow off before the analyzer cabinet.

A heated sample gas line is absolutely essential when measuring SO_2 or if there is a danger of freezing.

In order to achieve T_{90} times which are as low as possible, the nominal diameter of the sample gas line should be selected as small as possible.

Flow	for 1 m gas line upstream of gas analyzer		
	Nominal diameter 4 mm	Nominal diameter 6 mm	
0.5 l/min	1.6 s	4.3 s	
1.0 l/min	0.8 s	2.1 s	
1.5 l/min	0.6 s	1.5 s	
2.0 l/min	0.4 s	1.1 s	

Delayed display depending on flow rate

Compressed air connection

A compressed air connection with a pressure of 6 000 to 8 000 hPa is required to purge the probe and for operation of the pneumatic motor. The compressed air must be free of oil, water and dust. Moisture in the compressed air results in premature blockage of the pores in the dust filter and increased maintenance effort.

Oil in the compressed air can result in caking of the filter pores which can no longer be removed, necessitating replacement of the sintered metal filter.

Electrical connections

The electrical connections must be made according to the directives of the local power supply company and the directives of the respective country.

A period of approx. 5 days should be calculated for mounting. Mounting is usually carried out by the customer.

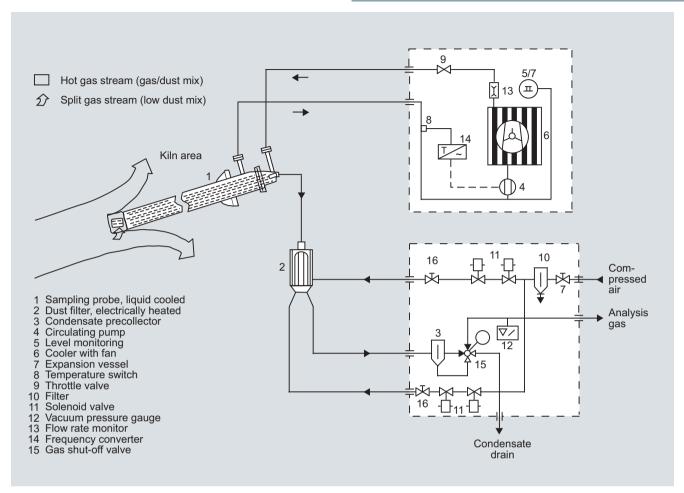
Commissioning

Starting up of the complete equipment should always be carried out by trained Siemens personnel. Prior to startup, the installation must be checked for observation of the directives according to the manuals

Starting up should be carried out with the kiln in operation in order to carry out the required settings and optimization.

A period of approx. 3 to 5 days should be calculated for starting up.

General information



Mode of operation

General information

Function

The process gas to be analyzed is sampled by the gas sampling probe, purified in the electrically heated dust filter, and then applied to the gas analyzer. Because the opening is positioned at the side, only a part of the gas flow which has a particularly low dust concentration is sampled.

To reduce the load on the gas cooler in the analyzer cabinet, a condensation trap is present on the valve manifold. During purging of the sampling equipment, the resulting condensation is discharged from the tank.

During operation in an environment up to 1 400 °C, the probe is cooled by a heat exchanger operating at atmospheric pressure. An electronic control valve provides short heating-up times following initial insertion of the probe, and controls the temperature of the coolant in the cooling circuit.

Comprehensive monitoring mechanisms protect the probe from thermal overloading. In the event of a malfunction, the probe is automatically removed from the rotary kiln by the retraction unit.

The harsh environmental conditions at the intake of the rotary kiln result in extreme loads on the sampling probe. The process gas temperature can be up to 1 400 °C, and the dust load up to 2 000 g/m³. Caked-on materials falling down from the kiln lining present a danger for the probe through mechanical overloading.

Depending on the raw material and the fuels used, an increasing amount of sulfur, alkali and chlorides can be expected in the flue gas, which in turn may result in caking of material on the probe jacket and the production of corrosive acids.

To achieve as high an availability as possible with a minimum amount of maintenance effort, the mounting location for the probe must be determined exactly. If you are not sure about the most favorable installation location, obtain support from the supplier.

Many problems frequently encountered when using a gas sampling function in a rotary kiln can be largely avoided using the FLK probe. As a result of the high gas sampling temperature of up to 200 °C, problems associated with caking on the probe jacket and blocking of the gas paths by condensation are significantly reduced compared to water-cooled sampling systems which only achieve a gas sampling temperature of approx. 90 °C

Cleaning of the gas sampling equipment is carried out at regular intervals using pulsed compressed air. Prior to starting the backflushing, the gas path to the gas analyzer is closed by means of a four-way ball valve. As a result of the self-cleaning effect during the rotation, the ball valve has significant advantages compared to a standard solenoid valve.

The cleaning cycle is executed in several steps:

- · Cleaning of filter pipe in dust filter
- Cleaning of filter housing and probe
- Blowing of dust back into the rotary kiln.

A pressure switch in the compressed air valve manifold detects imminent blockages in the gas paths between the planned purging times, and initiates immediate purging by means of the control unit.

The quantity and hardness of the caking on the probe jacket can be extremely different with different types of rotary kiln. In addition to possible mechanical overloading of the probe, the temperature of the sampled flue gas drops as a result of the thermal insulation from the hot process gases. This results in condensation of the flue gas in the probe's sampling tube. If a temperature of 130 °C is fallen below, the sample gas pump in the analyzer cabinet is switched off as protection against the production of condensation. Caking must therefore be removed regularly.

In order to remove caking, the probe can be automatically retracted from the rotary kiln at regular intervals, initiated by the control unit of the sampling equipment and depending on the amount of caking. Caking is usually removed automatically from the probe jacket as a result of cooling down in the cold ambient air. When retracting and inserting the probe, cleaning of the probe jacket is supported by passing compressed air through nozzles in the kiln connection tube. In unfavorable cases, manual cleaning by the maintenance personnel may be necessary.

The numerous control and monitoring functions are made possible by the PLC.

Adaptation of the control parameters - such as purging frequency and duration - can be carried out at any time using the integrated operator panel.

General information

Technical specifications			
General information		Compressed air valve manifold	
Power supply	400 V 3AC +10 %/-15 %, 50 Hz	Power supply	See General information
	400 V 3AC +10 %/-15 %, 60 Hz Connected load: approx. 5.5 kVA	Compressed air connection	6 000 8 000 hPa, purified compressed air, free of oil, water and dust
	If the delta voltage deviates, a single-phase supply must be	Ambient temperature	Max. 70 °C
	provided in addition: 120 V 3AC +10 %/-15 %, 50 Hz	Maximum operating pressure	16 000 hPa
	120 V 3AC +10 %/-15 %, 60 Hz	Pressure switch	800 200 hPa absolute, adjustable for detection of low pressure
	230 V 3AC +10 %/-15 %, 50 Hz 230 V 3AC +10 %/-15 %, 60 Hz	Dimensions (WxHxD) in mm	630 x 380 x 210
	Connected load: approx. 1.5 kVA	Weight	Approx. 40 kg
	Other voltages up to 500 V possi-	Retraction unit with electrical a	nd pneumatic drive
	ble on request	Power supply	See General information
Auxiliary media Compressed air	6 000 8 000 hPa, purified com-	Drive	Duplex chain drive, installed protected in carrier
• Compressed all	pressed air, free of oil, water and		Worm gear motor
• Flow	dust Approx. 4 6 m ³ /h, depends on purging frequency and duration		 Compressed air motor for emergency retraction on failure of power supply
Sample gas connection	8 mm pipe union, connection for heated or unheated sample gas line; required pump capacity at		 Adjustment of product immersion depth possible using limit switch
	700 hPa absolute approx. 2 5 l/min	Travel time	Approx. 90 s
Liquid-cooled sampling probe		Dimensions	Type 1: 3 780 mm for probe length 1 000 1 500 mm
Туре	F6534-B12	Woight	Type 2: 5 300 mm for probe length 2 000 3 500 mm
Material	Stainless steel, mat. No. 1.4571		· ·
Length	1 000/1 500/2 000/2 500/3 000/	Weight	Approx. 420 kg
	3 500 mm (corresponds to immersion depth)	Heat exchange unit	
Sampling point	Dependent on installation:	Power supply	See General information
	• E1 sampling point on left	Heat output	Max. 65 kW
	 E2 sampling point on right 	Coolant	Synthetic heat transfer liquid
Process temperature	Up to 1 400 °C	Fill quantity	Approx. 25 I
Coolant	Synthetic heat transfer liquid	Flow	Max. 3 200 l/h, adjustable
Coolant flow rate	Max. 3 200 l/h	Operating temperature	
Weight	Approx. 150 kg	 Inlet temperature of coolant 	200 °C
Electrically heated dust filter		 Outlet temperature of coolant 	170 °C
Power supply	See General information	Dimensions (WxHxD) in mm	1 200 x 1 850 x 1 600
Filter	Sintered metal filter SIKA-R30	Weight	Approx. 400 kg
	(3 μm for 98 %)	Control and monitoring unit	
	Filters with smaller pore sizes available on request	Power supply	See General information
Operating temperature	Approx 200 °C isolated contact	Control voltage	24 V DC

Electrically heated dust filter				
Power supply	See General information			
Filter	Sintered metal filter SIKA-R30 (3 µm for 98 %)			
	Filters with smaller pore sizes available on request			
Operating temperature	Approx. 200 °C, isolated contact for low temperature			
Backflushing, two-stage (filter element and filter surface)	6 000 8 000 hPa, purified compressed air, free of oil, water and dust			
Compressed air connection	Filter enclosure ¾" Filter pipe ½"			
Sample gas connection				

Male thread M24x1.5

Pipe union DN 8

Approx. 20 kg

• Sample gas inlet

• Sample gas outlet

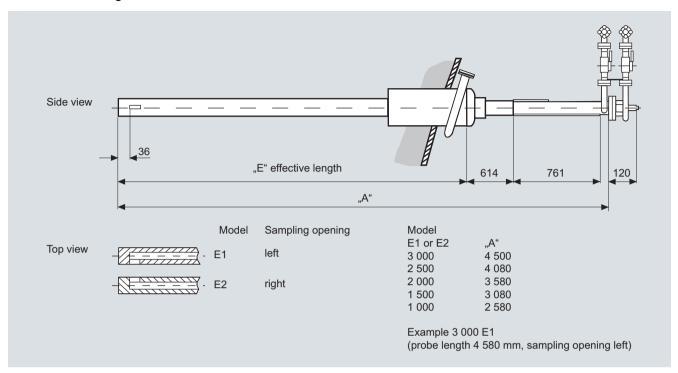
Weight

Signals Dimensions (WxHxD) in mm Weight

Floating contacts to the host process control system 760 x 760 x 210 Approx. 60 kg

General information

Dimensional drawings



Liquid-cooled sampling probe, dimensions in mm

General information

Selection and ordering data	Order No.
FLK (liquid/air cooling) gas sampling system	7MB1951 A A 0
for rotary cement kilns. Compact design with heat transfer liquid cooling. Suitable for gas temperatures up to 1 400°C and dust loads up to 2 000g/m³ Operating temperature of coolant circuit up to 220 °C. Consisting of: Gas sampling probe	
 Dust filter Automatic retraction unit with electrical and pneumatic drive Backflushing equipment with condensation removal Liquid/air heat exchange unit Mounting accessories 	
Control and monitoring unit	
Fully wired and mounted in wall cabinet Dimensions (W x H x D): 1 000 x 1 400 x 300 mm Functions: - Controlling removal of dust from probe and dust filter - Automatic probe retraction, time-controlled or in the event of a fault - Monitoring, processing and displaying sampling system fault and operational messages	
Without control and monitoring unit	0
Control and monitoring unit with SIMATIC S7-300	1
Control and monitoring unit with Schneider Quantum	2
Control and monitoring unit with Allen Bradley CPU SLC 5/04	3
• Control and monitoring unit with Allen Bradley CPU SLC 5/05 and analog input	4
Sampling probe Made from stainless steel mat. no. 1.4571 With side sampling opening Standard lengths: 1 000, 1 500, 2 000, 2 500 and 3 000 mm immersion depth Special lengths on request	
Without sampling probe	A
Sampling probe 2 500 mm; sampling point on right	В
Sampling probe 2 500 mm; sampling point on left	С
Sampling probe 3 000 mm; sampling point on right	D
Sampling probe 3 000 mm; sampling point on left	E
Sampling probe 1 000 mm; sampling point on right	F
Sampling probe 1 000 mm; sampling point on left	G
Sampling probe 1 500 mm; sampling point on right	H
Sampling probe 1 500 mm; sampling point on left	J
Sampling probe 2 000 mm; sampling point on right	K
Sampling probe 2 000 mm; sampling point on left	L
Automatic oven flap	
Without	A
With	В
Power supply	
230 V/50 Hz	0
115 V/60 Hz	1
115 V/50 Hz	2
230 V/60 Hz	3
<u>Documentation</u>	
English	0
German Real/flushing aguisment with condensation removel	_ 1
Backflushing equipment with condensation removal	
Condensation remover integrated into backflushing equipment	0
Condensation remover (to be ordered separately) for mounting on analysis cabinet	1

Documentation

Selection and ordering data

Startup and Servicing Manual

Manual	
FLK gas sampling system	
Instruction Manual	
German	On request
• English	On request
Electrically heated dust filter	
German	On request
• English	On request
Valve manifold for probe purging	
German	On request
• English	On request
Retraction equipment	
German	On request
• English	On request

On request

Set GGA

General information

Overview



The standardized Set GGA (Generator Gas Analyzer) has been specially designed for monitoring hydrogen-cooled turbo generators.

Benefits

Standardized complete system

- · Simple and fast to configure
- · Field-proven, harmonized and reliable set
- Low purchase price and economic operation
- Suitable for optimizing the efficiency of H₂-cooled turbo generators

Field-proven, reliable technologies

- High-precision and reliable purity monitoring of hydrogen
- Microchip-based thermal conductivity measurement
- Redundant measuring system
- · SIL 1 certificate for the analysis hardware

Simple operation

- Intuitive menu prompting
- · Configuration on large displays with plaintext
- Use of CO2 and AR as inert gas possible

Application

This set is used in power generation applications.

Turbo generators in power plants are cooled with gas in order to increase their efficiency. In spite of the strict safety requirements hydrogen is used as a cooling gas. This offers huge advantages over air. These include considerably better cooling properties, lower friction loss on rotating parts, and a higher electrical breakdown strength. These features enable hydrogen to satisfy the requirements for the turbo generator to reach an optimum level of efficiency.

However, mixtures of hydrogen and air with a hydrogen content of anything from 4 to 77 % are explosive. For safety reasons, it is imperative that this is prevented during operation filling and emptying of the turbo generators. International standards (EN 60034-3 and IEC 842) state that redundant safety monitoring with two independent operating systems must be used for this

In addition, contamination of the hydrogen cooling gas reduces the efficiency of the turbo generator, as it leads to considerably higher friction loss. For a 970 MW generator, a difference of 4 % is equivalent to a 0.8 MW difference in power. There are also good reasons related to cost-effectiveness why the cooling gas should be continuously monitored for contamination.

The Set GGA is a complete solution for monitoring hydrogencooled turbo generators, with the dual benefit of being simple to handle and having low initial investment costs.

Design

The Set GGA is available in the following versions:

- Generator Gas Analyzer (GGA)
- GGA with test gas skid
- GGA with test gas skid and installation frame

Analyzers

The GGA contains two CALOMAT 6E analyzers (19" rack unit versions). From the gas sampling system right through to the gas outlet, these are completely separate from one another, thereby ensuring full redundancy.

The CALOMAT 6E is a continuous gas analyzer for determining H₂ and He in binary or quasi-binary gas mixtures.

To measure the hydrogen and inert gases continuously, the exact thermal conductivity of the sample gas mixture is measured and the concentration calculated from this. Only binary gas mixtures can be directly measured.

The CALOMAT 6E is used to measure 0 to 100 % $\rm CO_2/Ar$ in air, 0 to 100 % $\rm H_2$ in $\rm CO_2/Ar$ or 80 to 100 % $\rm H_2$ in air, in the context of monitoring hydrogen-cooled turbo generators, on account of its high measuring range dynamics.

The units are approved for use in ATEX Zone 2. Gas mixtures may also be fed in according to the definition of Zone 1. In terms of tightness and compressive strength, the measuring cell and entire physical structure of the gas path, from inlet to outlet, are certified up to 55 000 hPa. This is much higher than the pressure that arises when oxyhydrogen gas is ignited.

A flame arrestor at the sample gas inlet provides additional safety.

The integrated LCD display shows the measured values, status bar and measuring ranges simultaneously.

The T90 time is less than 5 s. This means that the delay between the measurement and displaying the result is very short.

Tests carried out under harsh field conditions have indicated that the 3-week drift of the measurement results is less than 0.1 %. Combined with a repeatability value of 0.1 %, this ensures that the measurement results gathered will be both accurate and precise.

General information

Analyzer cabinet

Another feature of the GGA is a protective cabinet for the analyzers. This provides a compact location where the system can be easily installed, and offers protection against dust and water. The system is approved in accordance with IP54 degree of protection.

The cabinet measures 616 x 615 x 600 mm (H x D x W) and is made from painted sheet steel.

A key advantage of this type of construction is that it eliminates the need for a restricted breathing enclosure, allowing maintenance to be carried out without any difficulty. If a restricted breathing enclosure is required, it must be ensured that the system is operated in an airtight room. Restoring the restricted breathing enclosure once maintenance procedures have been performed is a costly and time-consuming process.

To keep operating and maintenance costs low, the GGA set supports natural cabinet ventilation and a filter element provides protection against particles of dirt. Purging with instrument air is not necessary.

Test gas skid

The analyzers and analyzer cabinet are supplied as part of the basic configuration of the set. As an option, however, it is also possible to obtain a suitable test gas skid on a mounting plate.

The test gas skid is responsible for preparing the extracted sample ready for analysis. This ensures that the sample, calibration and inert gases are fed into the analyzers at the right pressure and flow rate, and without having been mixed with other gases.

The skid is fully equipped with a flame arrestor, stopcock ball valve, stainless steel overflow regulator, single-stage pressure reducer, stainless steel 5-way transfer ball valve, all-metal flow meter for air, 1-channel isolating switch amplifier and installation material. The flowmeters are designed to transmit a limit monitoring signal. The connection is made on-site.

The test gas skid guarantees that all the requirements in terms of safety, quality and simplicity are satisfied when connecting sample, calibration and inert gases.

Installation frame

The installation frame is a supplementary feature of the set. It enables free-standing installation of the analyzer cabinet and test gas skid.

The installation frame is supplied in a fully assembled state (including feet). Its overall height is 2 000 mm.

Function

There are three distinct processes in monitoring hydrogencooled turbo generators: normal operation, filling and emptying. The measuring task entails preventing a gas mixture of hydrogen and air outside the specified limits, or detecting the risk of this happening in good time, as well as monitoring the hydrogen purity.

During normal operation, the purity of the generator cooling gas is monitored. If the purity falls below a specific limit (e.g. < 95 % H₂), a message is output. The monitored range is 80 to 100 % H₂ in air.

Filling the generator is a two-stage procedure: first, the air in the generator is replaced by inert gas (argon or CO₂), and then this is replaced by hydrogen. During this, the concentration trends of the gases are measured and the replacement processes monitored. To prevent explosive mixtures from being formed, it is necessary to monitor the measuring range of 0 to 100 % inert gas in air in the first step and 0 to 100 % $\rm H_2$ in inert gas in the second step

The procedure is performed in reverse when emptying the generator: The hydrogen is first replaced with inert gas and the generator is then filled with air. The measuring tasks remain unchanged in this case. Here it is necessary to monitor the measuring ranges of 0 to 100 % H₂ in inert gas first, and then 0 to 100 % inert gas in air.

General information

Technical specifications				
Climatic conditions		System design		
Ambient temperature 5 50 °C		Version	Cabinet	
Relative humidity	70 %, non-condensing	Degree of protection	IP54	
Corrosive atmosphere	No	Automatic calibration	No	
Gas inlet conditions		Signal outputs	4 20 mA/isolated contact Max. 24 V AC/DC 1 A	
Calomat 6ESample gas pressure	800 1 100 hPa (absolute)	With sample gas return flow	On request	
- Sample gas flow	30 90 l/h (0.5 1.5 l/min)		sample gas pressure 1 013 hPa abso-	
- Sample gas temperature	0 50 °C	lute, 0.5 l/min sample gas flow ar	nd 25 °C ambient temperature)	
	0 30 0	Output signal fluctuation	$<\pm$ 0.75 % of the smallest possi-	
Test gas skidSample gas pressure	55 000 hPa (absolute)		ble measuring range according to rating plate, with electronic	
- Sample gas flow	30 90 l/h (0.5 1.5 l/min)		damping constant of 1 s	
- Sample gas temperature	0 50 °C	Zama na bak alaifi	$(\sigma = 0.25\%)$	
		Zero point drift	< 1 %/week of the smallest possi- ble span according to rating plate	
Power supply	200 240 V AC	Measured-value drift	< 0.5 %/of the smallest possible	
• Supply 1	200 240 V AC 100 120 V AC		span according to rating plate	
• Supply 2		Repeatability	< 1 % of the current measuring range	
Supply 3 24 V DC for switch amplifiers			1 % of the current measuring	
Power supply, frequency		Detection mint	range	
• Supply 1	47 63 Hz 47 63 Hz	Linearity error	< ± 1 % of the current measuring	
• Supply 2			range	
• Supply 3	Not specified	Influencing variable (relating to sample gas pressure 1 013 hPa absolute, 0.5 l/min sample gas flow and 25 °C ambient temperature)		
Type of connections	Chairless at al	Ambient temperature	< 1 %/10 K referred to smallest	
Pipe material	Stainless steel	7 mbient temperature	possible span according to label	
Connections/components	Metric (6 mm)Imperial (1/4")	Carrier gases	Deviation from zero point	
Cabling	• Imperial (74)	Sample gas flow	< 0.1 % of the smallest possible	
Electrical design According to IEC			span according to rating plate with a change in flow of 0.1 l/h	
Type of cables	Non-armored cables		within the permissible flow range	
Cable ID	No single core labeling	Sample gas pressure	< 1 % of the current measuring	
Installation		1	range with a pressure change of 100 hPa	
Site	Interior	Power supply	< 0.1 % of the current measuring	
Ex-zone analyzer	ATEX II, 3G		range with rated voltage ± 10 %	
LA ZONG analyzel	ALA II, JU			

Generator gas analyzer

Analysis	Measuring point designation		Generator o	Generator gas analyzer			
	Concentratio	n		Unit	Measured component	Measuring	range
Component	Min.	Typical	Max.	Small	Large		
Ar/CO ₂ in air	0		100	vol. %	Yes	0	100
H ₂ in Ar/CO ₂	0		100	vol. %	Yes	0	100
H ₂ in air	80		100	vol. %	Yes	80	100
Sample temperature		50		°C			
Dust content		0		mg/m ³			
H ₂ O dew point		-50		°C			
Aggregate state, sample ¹⁾	Gaseous						

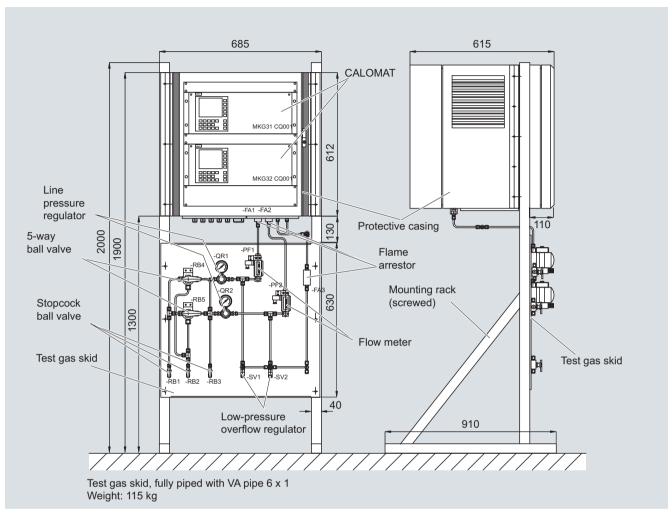
¹⁾ Standard state at 20 °C, 101.3 kPa

General information

Selection and ordering data	Order No.	
Set GGA	7MB1950-	Cannot be combined
Gas connections		
6 mm pipe	0	
1/4" pipe	1	1
Version		
H ₂ monitoring (turbo generators)	G A	
Add-on electronics		
Without	0	
Auxiliary power		
100 120 V AC, 47 63 Hz	0	O O
200 240 V AC, 47 63 Hz	1	1
<u>Variants</u>		
Generator Gas Analyzer (GGA)	A	
GGA with calibration gas skid	В	ВВ
PG solution in accordance with EMT674-057 (220 V, 6 mm, English/German)	С	СС
PG solution in accordance with EMT674-059 (110 V, 6 mm, English/German)	D	D D
GGA with calibration gas skid and installation frame	E	E E
Ex protection		
Certificate: ATEX II 3G, flammable and non-flammable gases	В	
<u>Documentation</u>		
German	0	
English	1	
French	2	
Spanish	3	

General information

Dimensional drawings



Set GGA, dimensions in mm, figure corresponds to 7MB1950-0GA00-1EB0

Set CV

General information

Overview



The Set CV (Calorific Value) is a standardized system for determining the quality of natural gas.

Benefits

Standardized complete system

- Easily and quickly configured, from sampling to the gas supply
- · Field-proven, harmonized and reliable set
- Suitable for determining the natural gas quality with high accuracy

Field-proven, reliable technologies

- Version with German Federal Testing Authority certification (without mass memory, without DSFG) available for fiscal metering
- GC MEMS technology with low consumption levels, high linearity/accuracy over the entire measuring range, and short cycle times

Easy installation

- Installation in EEx Zone 1 possible
- Compact and rugged design for erecting indoors and outdoors
- Minimum space requirements

Application

For the chromatography industry, the natural gas market is one of the fastest growing in the world. There are a variety of reasons for this. While global energy requirements are increasing, there is a parallel trend of fossil fuel reserves being depleted. Natural gas is one type of fossil fuel that can still be found in vast, untapped reserves. In addition to this, the market is becoming increasingly liberalized, and the number of participants has risen considerably as a result - from the production stage, across the entire distribution network, right through to the end customer. In turn, this has generated more transfer points at which the quality and quantity of natural gas need to be determined for accounting purposes.

The market requires a reliable complete system which is specially designed for natural gas. With the Set CV, Siemens offers a system that covers all the requirements of such applications, from sampling to pressure reduction, sample preparation and determination of quality, supplying carrier and calibration gases, right through to expansion of the communication interfaces.

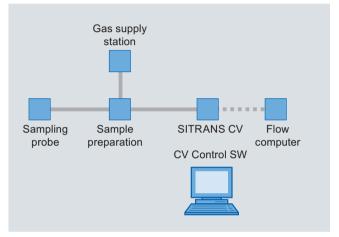
The set offers various modules to cover market requirements. Using the different versions, the set can be adapted, and the modules can be freely-combined.

Such a system can be used wherever the quality of natural gas has to be determined. For example, during the conditioning of natural gas and feeding into the pipeline network, during transportation and distribution in the network, and when extracting it for supply purposes.

Design

Standardization of systems means good clarity and simple facilities for configuration. Different versions mean that it is possible to appropriately adapt the system to the requirements. The modules can be combined as desired. Standardization also means that not all imaginable versions are included, and that special requirements such as armored cables, customer-specific documentation, specific conductor labeling, or certificates such as CE or 31B cannot be implemented at all, or not without an extra charge.

The design is divided into the following standard modules: sampling, pressure reduction, sample preparation system, SITRANS CV, gas supply, calibration gases.



General information

The set can be dimensioned for a 230 V AC or 115 V AC power supply. It is not possible to switch between supplies.

The gas connections can be supplied with either metric or imperial dimensions.

On the metric line, the gas connections are in the form of metric clamping ring glands with a diameter of 3 mm. The imperial line contains gas connections in the form of imperial clamping ring glands with a diameter of 1/8 inch. The pipes between the sampling probe, pressure reduction, sample preparation device, and SITRANS CV are optionally available. The system is generally designed for temperatures between -20 and +55 °C, in Cenelec Category 2G, T3. When provided with heating, the system can also be used down to -30 °C. The natural gas to be measured should be in a stable gaseous form, dry and clean.

Sampling probe

The basic components of a sampling probe are a lance, process connection, process isolation and, if necessary, pressure reduction. They are supplied separately for the high-pressure version.

Lance

A representative sample should be taken from the central third of the pipeline. With a lance length of 1 m it is therefore possible to extract a sample from a pipeline with a diameter of up to 1 600 mm. In addition, two versions with different types of lance diameter are available. On the one hand, a pipe whose outer diameter is 6 mm and inner diameter is 2 mm. On the other hand, a pipe whose outer diameter is 12 mm and inner diameter is 2 mm. The lance can be supplied in a permanently installed or removable state.

Process connection

There are four versions for the flange connection to the pipeline. Flange DN 65 PN16 Form C and flange ANSI 2" 300 lbs RF for pressures up to 1 600 kPa, and flange DN 65 PN160 Form C and flange ANSI 2" 2 500 lbs RF for pressures up to 16 000 kPa.

Set CV

General information

Process isolation

It may be necessary to isolate the natural gas line from the system for maintenance and repair work. To do this, you can select either a simple stop valve or a double block and bleed structure. While the stop valve is a cost-effective solution for minimum requirements, the double block and bleed structure stands for enhanced safety, as it has two valves that prevent any gas from being transferred further.

High-pressure reduction on the primary side

Pressure can be reduced in three ways: directly at the probe (primary side), in an external casing with a pressure reduction unit (primary side), or in the sample preparation system (secondary side).

If the sample preparation system and the natural gas chromatograph are installed directly next to the sampling point, the high-pressure reduction can be implemented in the sample preparation system. The pressure should always be reduced as close to the sampling point as possible in order to keep the dead volume as small as possible. The sample and calibration gas pressures must be reduced to between 10 and 500 kPa. The sample gas pressure must be at least 200 kPa less than the carrier gas pressure. The carrier gas pressure should be between 600 and 700 kPa

Heated and unheated pressure reduction units are available in the external casing for high-pressure reduction on the primary side. Pressure reduction in the external casing is suitable for combination with the permanently installed and retractable standard probe. The heated pressure regulators have a power consumption of 150 W, and reliably maintain the sample in a gaseous state.

Special probe with high-pressure reduction

A third option offers an alternative to the two standard probes: a permanently installed probe with integrated separation of aerosols (so-called BTU diaphragm) in the pipeline and a pressure reduction unit. The lance is integrated in this at a depth of 228 mm. The protection pipe has an outer diameter of 22.8 mm. The lance and pressure reduction do not need to be separately defined.

Heated sample gas line

To ensure that the sample is maintained in a gaseous state, it is recommendable to use a heated sample gas line – for example, between the sampling point and the sample preparation system. The sample gas line is encased in a PE corrugated hose with an outer diameter of 43 mm. The self-regulating maintenance temperature remains at approximately 80 °C. The electrical connection is in the terminal box.

The power consumption is approx. 38 W/m.

Pipe base for enclosure attachment

A hot-dip galvanized 2" pipe base, 1 700 mm high, with mounting brackets and joining sheet enables free-standing mounting of the protective casing.



Sample preparation

Generally speaking, the sample pressure must be reduced to between 10 and 500 kPa. The flow should be between 20 and 100 ml/min. It is important that the pressure is 200 kPa above the carrier gas pressure. The flow should be between 20 and 100 ml/min. The carrier gas pressure should be between 600 and 700 kPa.

The basic configuration of the sample preparation system for a stream includes a stop valve, 0.5 μm filter, flowmeter for the fast loop, pressure-relief valve set to 1 000 hPa, 3/2-way solenoid valve with sealed cable for automatic switching between calibration gas and sample gas, and a terminal box for connecting the solenoid valve. This valve must either be protected by the customer at 0.5 A, or a ready-assembled terminal box with power supply and fuses can be ordered from the list of supplementary items

There are also a number of other options for modifying the basic configuration.

Secondary pressure adjustment

The pressure adjustment unit with unheated pressure regulators can be ordered for one, two and three sample flows. This type of structure meets the minimum secondary pressure adjustment requirements. Please note that a reduction in pressure cools the sample down considerably, which can cause moisture to condense if the dew point is fallen below.

Another alternative, however, is pressure adjustment with a heated pressure regulator (150 W) for one, two or three sample streams. Heating the sample ensures that it remains in a gaseous state. The Joule-Thomson effect is thus compensated. The regulators can reduce pressures from 160 to 1 000 / 1 700 hPa.

If the pressure is to be reduced directly at the sampling probe or in an external casing outside the sample preparation system, no further pressure reduction is required during sample preparation

General information

Sample injection

Where sample injection is concerned, straightforward and safety versions are available for between one and three streams.

Considered simply, sample injection is carried out for one, two or three streams using one solenoid valve per sample stream (cascade connection). Its job is to block any gas flows that are not required without preventing the desired gas from flowing. A 0.5 A fuse is required per solenoid valve and flowmeter. These are available in the ready-assembled terminal box.

The safety version of the sample injection system for one, two or three streams with double block and bleed technology enables the sample to be switched over, which in turn allows clean separation between gas streams by partially closing and venting the line. Since two valves are used to prevent the flow of gas that is not to be measured, rather than just one, the functional safety of the system remains at an optimum level for a long time. In addition, 0.5 A fuses are required for the sample valves and calibration valve. These are included in the electrical connection (supplementary item).

Monitoring the sample flow to the gas chromatograph

The sample flow to the SITRANS CV can also be monitored electronically as an option. An alarm signal is output when necessary. A switch disconnector for the power supply is also required; this can be ordered along with the ready-assembled terminal box.

Protective casing/mounting plate for sample preparation system

The sample preparation system is available mounted either on a plate, in the protective casing, or in the heated protective casing.

The stainless steel mounting plate, measuring $652 \times 422 \times 3$ mm (H x W x D), is suitable for wall mounting. The system components selected are mounted on the plate and supplied with all pipes and wires installed.

The unheated protective transmitter casing, made from fiber glass-reinforced plastic and suitable for wall mounting measures $750 \times 520 \times 430$ mm (H x W x D) and is fitted with stainless steel hinges, quick-release locks, safety glass windows and a stainless steel mounting plate.

The system components selected are mounted and supplied with all pipes and wires installed in the protective casing.

It is also possible to provide a heater in the protective transmitter casing which can be controlled between 10 and 40 $^{\circ}$ C in steps of 5. The system components selected are mounted and supplied with all pipes and wires installed in the protective casing. The heating has a power of 300 W.

Aerosol filter/glycol filter

These filters have the task of removing any impurities that may have been introduced into the natural gases by aerosols or glycols, thus providing an additional level of safety for the SITRANS CV and, therefore, the system functionality. The aerosol filter is supplied with 5 replacement membranes and the glycol filter with 10 replacement cartridges.

Manual laboratory sampling

An additional control valve permits manual laboratory sampling as an option. When not in use, it is fitted with a blanking plug on the output end.

Pipe base for enclosure attachment

A hot-dip galvanized 2" pipe base, 1 700 mm high, with mounting brackets and joining sheet enables free-standing mounting of the protective casing or the mounting plate as an alternative to wall mounting.

Protective top cover

Another option is a protective top cover made from fiber glassreinforced plastic and supplied with mounting brackets, for protection against solar radiation and storms. It must be mounted to a pipe base.

Heated sample gas line

To prevent condensation of the sample, it may be necessary to use a heated prepared pipeline – for example, between the sample preparation device and SITRANS CV. The sample gas line is encased in a PE corrugated hose with an outer diameter of 43 mm. The self-regulating maintenance temperature is around 80 °C.



Example of single-stream sample preparation system: may deviate from the supplied system

SITRANS CV

The SITRANS CV natural gas analyzer forms the core component of the Set CV.

The analyzer measures the concentrations of the components C1 to C9 with N_2 and CO_2 in less than three minutes.

The valveless live injection method is not affected by fluctuations in the sample pressure, and ensures precise injection and repeatable results.

The SITRANS CV achieves a repeatability level that is 0.01 % for the upper and lower calorific values. In addition, the live injection system contains no moving parts and is, therefore, completely maintenance-free.

The narrow-bore capillary columns offer an extremely favorable ratio between volumes and active surface, yet only require a relatively low volume flow to achieve optimum separation. The result is fast and good separating properties.

Just like the live injection system, the patented live switching system contains no moving parts and is thus also maintenance-free. This column switching offers the facility for backflushing of higher hydrocarbons.

Unlike conventional gas chromatographs, the SITRANS CV applies the principle of in-line detection. The separation quality after practically every column can be checked. In addition, all gas outlets are monitored. Changes in the system functionality can be rapidly detected and compensated.

Miniaturization, which uses what is known as MEMS (micro electromechanical systems) technology, permits unusually low minimum detection limits, such as, for example, 5 ppm for neopentane. N_2 can be exactly separated from CH_4 even where the concentration ratios are unfavorable. Exact N_2 concentrations of up to 25 % can be determined without any problems.

Set CV

General information

A high linearity throughout the measuring range allows extremely reliable measurements. The consumption of calibration gas is minimal since the SITRANS CV works with single-point calibration. Automatic optimization of the method provides an increased accuracy and longer service life.

The SITRANS CV uses the measured concentrations of the gas components to calculate natural gas parameters: the upper and lower calorific values, standard density and Wobbe index in accordance with DIN ISO 6976, GHOST 2267 or AGA 8. The unit stores the daily averages of all components and the calorific values over a period of up to 100 days.

Operating the SITRANS CV via the CV Control software is simple, clear and quick. This has been specially developed for the natural gas market.

The SITRANS CV must be ordered separately

You can find further information on SITRANS CV under "Process gas chromatographs", page 4/24.

SITRANS CV system components

Protective casing/plate for SITRANS CV

The SITRANS CV is available mounted either on a plate, in the protective casing, or in the heated protective casing.

The stainless steel mounting plate, measuring $652 \times 422 \times 3$ mm (H x W x D), is suitable for wall mounting.

The unheated protective transmitter casing, made from fiber glass-reinforced plastic and suitable for wall mounting measures $750 \times 520 \times 430$ mm (H x W x D) and is fitted with stainless steel hinges, quick-release locks, safety glass windows and a stainless steel mounting plate.

The protective casing can also be supplied with heating as an option. The heating can be adjusted between 10 and 40 °C, in increments of 5. The system components selected are mounted and supplied with all pipes and wires installed in the protective casing. The heating has a power of 300 W.

Terminal box

There are five connection options in total to choose from.

The simplest option is the interface in accordance with SITRANS CV (open cable end).

The terminal box measuring $340 \times 170 \times 91$ mm (H x W x D) is made from polyester resin. The scope of delivery includes terminals, isolating terminals, cable glands and a PE rail. If ordered with the pipe base add-on part, the terminal box is supplied attached to the base, and the scope of supply includes 2.5 mm^2 terminals for connection by the customer and M16/M20 cable glands. The voltage supply is 24 V DC. The terminal box is not suitable for connecting a heater, flow meter with limit value transmitter, and Double Block and Bleed (DB&B).

The terminal box measuring $360 \times 360 \times 190$ mm (H x W x D) is made from painted sheet steel. The scope of delivery includes switch amplifiers, terminals, and cable glands. If ordered with the pipe base add-on part, the terminal box is supplied attached to the base, and the scope of supply includes 2.5 mm² terminals for connection by the customer and M16/M20 cable glands. The voltage supply is 24 V DC. The terminal box is not suitable for connecting a heater and DB&B.

The terminal box, including switch amplifier and a power supply (115 V AC or 230 V AC, not switchable), measuring $360 \times 360 \times 190$ mm (H x W x D), is made from painted sheet steel. The scope of delivery includes terminals, 0.5 A fuses, terminals, cable glands and a PE rail. If ordered with the pipe base add-on part, the terminal box is supplied attached to the base, and the scope of supply includes 2.5 mm² terminals for connection by the customer and M16/M20 cable glands. The terminal box is not suitable for using DB&B.

The terminal box, including switch amplifiers and a power supply (115 V AC or 230 V AC, not switchable), measuring

 $360 \times 360 \times 190$ mm (H x W x D), is made from painted sheet steel

The scope of delivery includes isolating terminals, 0.5 A fuses, terminals, cable glands, relays and a PE rail. If ordered with the pipe base add-on part, the terminal box is supplied attached to the base, and the scope of supply includes 2.5 $\rm mm^2$ terminals for connection by the customer and M16/M20 cable glands.

Gas supply

A gas chromatograph requires calibration and carrier gases. Therefore the set offers various options with regard to gas connection, gas cylinder design, and calibration gases. Either individual components or complete systems can be ordered.

Cylinder pressure reducer, separate

The cylinder pressure reducer for calibration gases is supplied separately. It is made from stainless steel and has a cylinder connection conforming to DIN 477 No. 14 (calibration gas). The cylinder pressure reducer is also fitted with a gauge for primary and back pressure.

Contact gauge for supply gases

Two gauges with a 50 mm diameter and mounted on the battery pressure reduction station can also be ordered. The intrinsically-safe slot initiators in accordance with NAMUR must be operated via a switch amplifier. This is not included in the delivery. The line is in the terminal box on the station panel.

Heated line

A heated prepared line is available for heating the calibration gas line from the cylinder cabinet to the sample preparation device. The power consumption is 38 W/m with an outer diameter of 45 mm on the corrugated hose. The integrated heating system is self-regulating with a maintenance temperature of approximately 80 °C.

Automatic cylinder changeover switch with separate coils

The stainless steel automatic cylinder transfer station, supplied on a mounting plate, is designed for back pressures of between 500 and 10 000 hPa, and contains two coiled pipes for helium that conform to DIN 477. The maximum permissible cylinder pressure is 200 000 hPa. This version also includes a gauge for measuring primary and back pressure. A contact gauge cannot be fitted when supplied separately.

Simple supply unit

This simple supply unit consists of a hot-dip galvanized 2-inch pipe base, 2 200 mm high, with a fiber glass-reinforced plastic protective top cover as well as two cylinder holders and a cylinder changeover switch. The gas cylinders are not included in the basic scope of supply.

Painted sheet steel gas cylinder cabinet

This version is supplied with the automatic cylinder changeover switch and coils, as well as the stainless steel calibration gas cylinder pressure reducer in a sheet metal cabinet.

The gas cylinder cabinet has room for two 50 l cylinders and one 10 l calibration gas cylinder. The dimensions are 2 050 x 1 250 x 400 mm (H x W x D). It contains the cylinder station, 1 stop valve for carrier gas, cylinder holder and pipe coils for the gas cylinders. The cabinet pipes are fully installed and the cabinet is equipped with bulkhead fittings for carrier gas, calibration gas and exhaust gas from the pressure relief valves.

As an option, this gas cylinder cabinet can also be supplied with a heating sleeve for a 10 l calibration gas cylinder at 20 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ retaining temperature. The cylinder head is heated separately, in a fiber glass-reinforced plastic enclosure. The cylinder pressure reducer is also located here. The heating sleeve prevents condensation from building up in the gas cylinder. To ensure seamless gas heating, a heated line for removing the calibration gas is recommended.

General information

Calibration gases

Four different calibration gases are available as standard.

Gas mixture 1

Mixture 1 comprises the following components:

	9			
10 liter cylinder for purchase with DIN 477 No. 14 connections				
Filling (150 000 hPa)				
Nitrogen	15.5 mol%			
• CO ₂	0.5 mol%			
• Ethane	8 mol%			
• Propane	0.5 mol%			
• i-butane	0.15 mol%			
• n-butane	0.15 mol%			
 Neopentane 	0.08 mol%			
• i-pentane	0.08 mol%			
• n-pentane	0.08 mol%			
Hexane	0.05 mol% in methane (around 75 mol%)			
• The uncertainty of the mixture is smaller or the same.	± 5 % in the range 0.1 0.25 mol%			
	± 1 % in the range 0.25 1 mol%			
	± 0.5 % in the range 1 10 mol%			
	± 0.20 % in the range 10 100 mol%			
Min. storage temperature	-10 °C			
Stability	36 months			

Gas mixture 2

Mixture 2 comprises the following components:

Mixture 2 comprises the following components:				
10 liter cylinder for purchase with DIN 477 No. 14 connections				
Filling (76 000 hPa)				
Nitrogen	5 mol%			
• CO ₂	2 mol%			
• Ethane	4 mol%			
• Propane	2 mol%			
• i-butane	0.5 mol%			
• n-butane	0.5 mol%			
Neopentane	0.3 mol%			
• i-pentane	0.3 mol%			
• n-pentane	0.3 mol%			
Hexane	0.1 mol% in methane (around 85 mol%)			
• The uncertainty of the mixture is smaller or the same.	± 5 % in the range 0.1 0.25 mol%			
	± 1 % in the range 0.25 1 mol%			
	$\pm~0.5~\%$ in the range 1 10 mol%			
	± 0.20 % in the range 10 100 mol%			
Min. storage temperature	0 5 °C			
Stability	36 months			

Gas mixture 3

Mixture 3 comprises the following components:

10 liter cylinder for purchase with	DIN 477 No. 14 connections
Filling (150 000 hPa)	
Nitrogen	2.5 mol%
• CO ₂	0.1 mol%
• Ethane	0.5 mol%
• Propane	0.15 mol%
• i-butane	0.03 mol%
• n-butane	0.03 mol%
 Neopentane 	0.03 mol%
• i-pentane	0.03 mol%
• n-pentane	0.03 mol%
Hexane	0.015 mol% in methane (around 96.5 mol%)
• The uncertainty of the mixture is smaller or the same.	± 5 % in the range 0.1 0.25 mol%
	\pm 1 % in the range 0.25 1 mol%
	±0.5 % in the range 1 10 mol%
	± 0.20 % in the range 10 100 mol%
Min. storage temperature	-20 °C
Stability	36 months

Gas mixture 4

This gas mixture is composed individually. For this reason, a component range is specified below.

Mixture 4 comprises the following components:

10 liter cylinder for purchase with DIN 477 No. 14 connections

Filling (exact composition specified)

2.5 15.5 mol%
0.1 2 mol%
0.5 8 mol%
0.15 2 mol%
0.03 0.5 mol%
0.03 0.5 mol%
0.03 0.3 mol%
0.03 0.3 mol%
0.03 0.3 mol%
0.015 0.1 mol% in methane (around 75 96.5 mol%)
± 5 % in the range 0.1 0.25 mol%
\pm 1 % in the range 0.25 1 mol%
±0.5 % in the range 1 10 mol%
± 0.20 % in the range 10 100 mol%

The precise values for the composition within the specified limits is required.

Set CV

General information

PTB-certified version SITRANS CV Set

One version of the Set CV described above has been tested by the Physikalisch Technisch Bundesanstalt (PTB, German Technical Inspectorate) and approved for fiscal metering.

The SITRANS CV Set version approved for fiscal metering consists of a single-stream sample preparation system with stop valve, unheated pressure regulator, 0.5 μm filter, DB&B 3/2-way solenoid valves, flowmeter with limit signal transmitter, fitted on a mounting plate and pipe base. The SITRANS CV is also fitted on a mounting plate and pipe base. Further components are a terminal box and the CV Control natural gas analyzer software. This certified version is also designed for indoor installation. The room temperature should not fall below 5 °C or exceed 55 °C. The certificate does not include a DSFG interface or mass storage unit.

The SITRANS CV must be ordered separately.

Function

It is the job of the sampling probes to take a representative sample from the pipeline. It is important to ensure that this sample is extracted from the central third of the pipeline. One advantage of the retractable probes is that there is no risk of damage being caused to them when pigging is taking place in the pipeline. There is also the option of reducing pressure directly at the sampling probe. This is especially advisable if sample preparation and gas analysis are not carried out directly next to the sampling point.

As a general rule, implementing a reduction in pressure reduces the sample pressure to between 10 kPa and 500 kPa. Heated pressure regulators must be used if the dew point could be fallen below in the process.

In the sample preparation system, pressure reducers and flow-meters can be used to set the sample flow and pressure that will ultimately be required. Electronic monitoring of the sample flow transmits an alarm signal to the SITRANS CV if necessary. The filters ensure that the sample is appropriately clean. An optional double block and bleed (DB&B) arrangement of the solenoid valves can ensure extremely safe isolation between the sample streams and the calibration gas. All versions of the sample preparation system are available for one, two or three flows plus the calibration flow.

The prepared sample is then analyzed in the SITRANS CV natural gas analyzer and the calorific value, standard density and Wobbe index are calculated. Connecting the SITRANS CV to a flow computer enables an energy value to be calculated from the measured quality and quantity with consideration of the pressure, temperature and flow measurement.

In order to regularly carry out calibration and supply carrier gas to the SITRANS CV, gases that are typically found in shelving or cabinet structures must be made available. Heating the gas cylinders prevents condensation from building up in them. The gas cylinder transfer station enables the cylinders to be exchanged during operation. Individual cylinders can be connected and disconnected by means of valves.

The communication functionalities of the SITRANS CV can be extended using a SIMATIC Extension Unit. It is then possible to connect a further MODBUS master and/or up to 16 AO. With the appropriate enclosure, the Extension Unit can also be used in CENELEC Category 2G, T3.

General information

Technical specifications

General information Ambient temperature -30 ... 55 °C (with heating) CENELEC Category 2G, T3 Explosion protection Supply voltage 230 V AC, 115 V AC or 24 V DC Max. permissible pressure at input 160 000 hPa of high-pressure reduction Max. permissible pressure at input 160 000 hPa of sample preparation system with pressure regulator Max. permissible pressure at output 10 ... 500 kPa, min. 200 kPa of sample preparation system below carrier gas pressure Optimum carrier gas pressure 600 ... 700 kPa

Sampling Lance Outer diameter 6 mm and inner diameter 2 mm or outer diameter 12 mm and inner diameter 2 mm Length 1 000 mm Special probe with BTU diaphragm Immersion depth approx. 380 mm and pressure reduction, non-retract-Protection pipe outer diameter able 25.4 mm Process connection At flange DN65 PN16 Form C. max. 16 000 hPa gas pressure At flange DN65 PN160 Form C. max. 160 000 hPa gas pressure At flange ANSI, 2-inch, 300 lbs RF At flange ANSI, 2-inch, 2 500 lbs High-pressure reduction in casing Casing with dimensions with pressure regulators, optional 385 x 485 x 380 mm heating Primary pressure 160 000 hPa, output pressure 1 000 / 1 700 hPa (power consumption 150 W) Pipe base 2-inch pipe base for free-standing transmitter casing, 1 700 mm Heated line Heating power is 38 W per meter Self-controlled heating up to

Sample preparation for 1 to 3 sample gas streams, plus calibration gas stream

approx. 80 °C

Outer material is PE corrugated hose with 45 mm outer diameter

Basic configuration 0.5 µm filter, 3/2-way solenoid valve, flowmeter, overflow valve and stop valve Primary pressure 160 000 hPa, output pressure 1 000 / 1 700 hPa Pressure regulator, optional heating (power consumption 150 W) Simple sample injection One 3/2-way solenoid valve per sample gas stream Two 3/2-way solenoid valves per DB&B sample injection sample gas stream On mounting plate 652 x 422 x 3 mm In protective casing 750 x 520 x 430 mm Protective casing heating Power consumption 300 W Adjustable between 10 and 40 °C, in increments of 5 Pipe base 2-inch pipe base, 1 700 mm high Additional filters Aerosol, glycol

SITRANS CV system components

On mounting plate 650 x 422 x 3 mm In protective casing 750 x 520 x 430 mm Protective casing heating Power consumption 300 W Adjustable between 10 and 40 °C, in increments of 5. Terminal box 340 x 170 x 91 mm Pipe base 2-inch pipe base, 1700 mm high Heated line Heating power is 38 W per meter Self-controlled heating up to approximately 80 °C Outer material is PE corrugated hose with 45 mm outer diameter

Gas supply	
Transfer station	Max. cylinder pressure 200 000 hPa Output pressure 500 10 000 hPa
Pipe base	2-inch pipe base, mounted Height 2 200 mm
Gas cylinder cabinet	Gas cylinder cabinet for two 50 l carrier gas cylinders and one 10 l calibration gas cylinder. Dimensions are 1 250 x 400 x 2 050 mm
Cylinder heating	The cylinder heating system is dimensioned for 10 I calibration gas cylinders and ensures that no condensation occurs within the gas cylinder.
Cylinder pressure reducer	Cylinder pressure reducer for reducing primary pressure of max. 300 000 hPa to output pressure 0 4 000 hPa
Heated line	Heating power is 38 W per meter Self-controlled heating up to approximately 80° C Outer material is PE corrugated

	1103C With 43 min outer diameter
Calibration gas	
Gas mixture 1	Min. storage temperature is -10 °C The gas mixture remains stable for 36 months.
Gas mixture 2	Min. storage temperature is 0 5 °C The gas mixture remains stable for 36 months.
Gas mixture 3	Min. storage temperature is

hose with 45 mm outer diameter

The gas mixture remains stable

for 36 months

Set CV

General information

SITRANS CV

SITRANS CV	
Dimensions and weights, installat	ion
Diameter	25 cm (10")
Height	23 cm (9")
Weight	15 kg (35 lbs)
Max. permissible ambient temperature	-20 55 °C (-4 130 °F)
Installation on	Post, pipe or wall
Gas connections	Swagelok 1/8"
Power supply	
Power supply	24 V DC
Power consumption	Typically 18 VA, max. 50 VA
Certificates	
Degree of protection	IP65, NEMA 4X
Explosion protection	ATEX II 2 G EEx d IIC T4 FM Class I, Div 1, Groups B, C, D T4
	FM Class I, Zone 1, Group II B+H2 T4 CSA Class I, Div 1, Groups B, C,
	D T4
Communication	
Communication	Ethernet, RS485, RS232, ASCII
Protocols	TCP/IP, MODBUS RTU
Storage duration	
Reports	100 days
Hourly averages	1 year
Daily averages	2 years
Analysis	
Sample streams	3 measuring streams, 1 calibration gas stream
Repeatability for calorific value and density	< 0.01 %
Accuracy for calorific value and density	< 0.1 %
Minimum detection limit for neopentane	
Cycle time	< 180 s
Carrier gas	He
Gas purity	≥ 99.9 % (5,0)
Required filtration	Degree of separation 99.99 % for 0.1 μm particles
Consumption	10 40 ml/min
Permissible carrier gas pressure	500 700 kPA
Perm. sample pressure	10 500 kPA, but min. 200 kPa under carrier gas pressure Notice: Sample must not contain
	ethine (acetylene).
Sample flow	20 100 ml/min
Max. sample temperature	120 °C
Phase	Gaseous
Solid components	< 0.1 µm
Required filtration	Degree of separation 99.99 % for 0.1 μ m particles
	ITDANIC OVA I IID

You can find further information on SITRANS CV under "Process gas chromatographs", page 4/24.

Measurements can be made within the following working ranges:

Component	Checked working range (in %)	Possible working range (in %)
Methane	57 100	50 100
Nitrogen ¹⁾	0 22	0 25
Carbon dioxide	0 12	0 20
Ethane	0 14	0 20
Propane	0 5	0 15
i-butane	0 0.9	0 10
n-butane	0 1.8	0 10
Neopentane	0 0.1	0 1
i-pentane	0 0.12	0 1
n-pentane	0 0.12	0 1
Hexane+ ²⁾	0 0.08	0 3
Helium	Concentration can be entered as a fixed value in the components list	No measured component
H ₂ S	< 500 ppm	No measured component

Standard measuring ranges of natural gas components

- 1) Any oxygen or carbon monoxide present in the sample will be detected along with the nitrogen and, therefore, taken into account when the nitrogen concentration is determined.
- 2) Hexane+ = iso/n-hexane to iso/n-nonane

Analyses within the checked working range as well as the quality parameters resulting from these (upper and lower calorific values, density, relative density and Wobbe index) correspond to the requirements listed below. Measurements outside these specifications (Table 1, right-hand column) are possible, but checking of the repeatability and correctness has not been carried out.

Concentration range (mol.%)	Repeatability according to ISO 6974-5 (2001); molar fraction (%) absolute
50 < x _i < 100	0.03
$1 < x_i < 50$	0.011
$0.1 < x_i < 1$	0.006
$x_i < 0.1$	0.006

The repeatability of the measured components satisfies the criteria of ISO 6974-5 (2001)

General information

Selection and ordering data	Order No.	
	7KQ2150-	Cannot be combined
Explosion-proof version, in accordance with CENELEC	0	
Supply voltage		
Without	A	A A A → B03,
230 V AC	В	C03
115 V AC	С	
Pneumatic connections		
Metric	A	
Imperial	В	
Lance (length always 1 m)		
Without	0	
OD/ID 6 mm / 2 mm	1	
OD/ID 12 mm / 2 mm	2	
Process connection		
Without	0	
Flange DN65 PN16 Form C	1	
Flange DN65 PN160 Form E	2	
Flange ANSI, 2", 300 lbs RF	3	
Flange ANSI, 2", 2 500 lbs RF	4	
Analysis isolation		
Without	0	
Stopcock	1	
DB&B	2	2
Probe installation		
Without	A	
Standard (without pressure reduction)	В	
Removable (without pressure reduction)	С	
Special installation (with pressure reduction)	D	
High pressure reduction		
Without	A	
Separate high-pressure reduction box with mech. pressure regulators	В	
Separate high-pressure reduction box with evaporation pressure controller	C	Ċ
Further versions	Order code	
Add "-Z" to Order No. and specify order code		
Base for high-pressure reduction device	B01	
Protective top cover GRP	B02	
Preparation of heated line	B03	
Heated line from the high-pressure-reduction box to the sample preparation device $(\text{C03} + \text{C03} = 2\text{m})$	C03	
Separate stainless steel pipe 3×0.5 mm in 5 m intervals for connection to the sample preparation device (example: C04+C04 = 10 m)	C04	

G) Subject to export regulations AL: 91999, ECCN: EAR99

General information

Selection and ordering data		Order No.	
Sample preparation device, basic configuration	G)	7KQ2151-	Cannot be combined
Explosion-proof version, in accordance with CENELEC		0	
Supply voltage			
Without		A	AAA
230 V AC		В	
115 V AC		C	
Pneumatic connections			
Metric		A	
Imperial		В	
Pressure adaptation			
Without		0	
Pressure controller unheated for one sample flow		1	
Pressure controller unheated for 2 sample flows		2	
Pressure controller unheated for 3 sample flows		3	
Pressure controller heated for one sample flow		4	4
Pressure controller heated for 2 sample flows		5	5
Pressure controller heated for 3 sample flows		6	6
Sample injection			
Without		0	
Standard for 1 sample flow (automatic)		1	
Standard for 2 sample flows (automatic)		2	
Standard for 3 sample flows (automatic)		3	
For 1 sample flow in DBB technology (automatic)		4	4
For 2 sample flows in DBB technology (automatic)		5	5
For 3 sample flows in DBB technology (automatic)		6	6
Monitoring the sample flow to the gas chromatograph			
Visual, mechanical monitoring		0	
With electrical monitoring		1	
Plate/enclosure			
Without		A	
Mounting plate for wall mounting		В	
GRP protective casing (unheated) for wall mounting		С	
GRP protective casing (heated) for wall mounting		D	D
GRP protective casing (unheated) mounted on base		E	
GRP protective casing (heated) mounted on base		F	F
Mounting plate mounted on base		G	
Further versions		Order code	
Add "-Z" to Order No. and specify order code			
Aerosol filter per sample flow with 5 replacement diaphragms		A01	
Glycol filter per sample flow with 10 replacement diaphragms		A02	
Manual lab sampling per sample flow		A03	
Protective top cover GRP		B01	
Replacement filter element for sample flow filter (5 units)		E01	

G) Subject to export regulations AL: 91999, ECCN: EAR99

General information

Selection and ordering data	Order No.	
System components	7KQ2152-	Cannot be combined
Explosion-proof version, in accordance with CENELEC	0	
Supply voltage		
230 V AC	A	
115 V AC	В	
24 V DC	С	C C C → B03, C01
Pneumatic connections		
Metric	Α	
Imperial	В	
Plate/enclosure SITRANS CV		
Without	0	
On plate, with stopcock and connection pieces	1	
In the GRP protective casing, unheated	2	
In the GRP protective casing, heated	3	3
Electrical connection		
Interface in accordance with technical data of SITRANS CV (free cable end)	0	
Ex terminal box with standard terminals; 24 V DC connection	1	
Ex terminal box with electrical sample flow monitoring; 24 V DC connection	2	
Ex terminal box with electrical sample flow monitoring and standard sample injection; 115/230 V AC connection	3	3
Ex terminal box with electrical sample flow monitoring and DB&B sample injection; 115/230 V AC connection	4	4
Further versions	Order code	
Add "-Z" to Order No. and specify order code		
Pipe bases for securing the enclosure without mounting plate/box	B01	
Protective top cover GRP	B02	
Preparation of heated line	B03	
Heated line for sample preparation device / SITRANS CV (C01+C01=2m)	C01	
Mounting set (pipe/glands/cable) for connecting to the sample preparation device	C02	
Separate stainless steel pipe 3.0 x 0.5 mm or 3.18 x 0.56 mm (continuous) at 5 m intervals (example: C03+C03+C03=15 m)	C03	

D) Subject to export regulations AL: 91999, ECCN: N

General information

Selection and ordering data	Order No.	
Gas supply	D) 7KQ2153-	Cannot be combined
Explosion-proof version, in accordance with CENELEC	0	
Supply voltage		
Without	A	A — → C01
230 V AC	В	
115 V AC	С	
Pneumatic connections		
Metric	A	
Imperial	В	
Automatic transfer station (stainless steel) with coils		
Without	0	
Installed on the mounting panel	1	
Installed on the base	2	
Installed in the metal cabinet	3	
Installed in the metal cabinet with calibration gas cylinder heating	4	
Cylinder pressure reducer for calibration gas		
Without	0	
Separate	1	
Installed (base/metal cabinet)	2	
Further versions	Order code	
Add "-Z" to Order No. and specify order code		
2 contact pressure gauges for transfer station	A01	
Preparation of heated line	B03	
Heated line for calibration gas from the cylinder cabinet to the sample preparation device (only with 115 V/230 V); length per meter (C01+C01 = 2 m)	C01	
Separate stainless steel pipe 3.0 x 0.5 mm or 3.18 x 0.56 mm (continuous) at 5 m intervals (example: C02+C02+C02=15 m)	C02	
D) Subject to export regulations AL; 91999. ECCN: N		

Selection and ordering data	Order No.
Calibration gas for SITRANS CV	7KQ2159- 0 ■A0 0
Calibration gas in 10-liter cylinder	
Mixture 1	A
Mixture 2	В
Mixture 3	c
Mixture 4	D

Set CEM 1

Overview



The Set CEM 1 is a standardized system specially for monitoring the emission components in flue gases.

Benefits

Standardized complete system

- Highly exact and reliable monitoring of emission components in flue gases. System-specific certificate according to DIN EN ISO 14956 and QAL 1, according to EN 14181.
- Modular complete package with gas sampling system, sample gas preparation system and gas analyzers from one source
- Simple and fast to configure
- · Tried and tested, harmonized and reliable set
- Low purchase price and economic operation

Proven, suitability-tested technologies

- Continuous determination of up to eight measured components
- In-situ measurements without sampling and preparation, using LDS 6 laser diode spectrometer
- Use of ULTRAMAT 23 with cleanable cells and automatic calibration with ambient air as well as optional electrochemical oxygen measurement
- Paramagnetic oxygen measurement with OXYMAT 6

Simple operation

- Intuitive operation
- Configuration on large displays using plain text, in several languages

Simple maintenance

- Maintenance-friendly cabinet design with hinged frame and uniform design
- Digital display of maintenance requests on LOGO modules

Application

The monitoring of emission components in flue gases is one of the most important topics for continuous gas analysis. This is a result of legislation for monitoring emissions, e.g. for large combustion plants, and also due to the requirements of companies operating process plants who can draw conclusions on the process efficiency from the gas analyses, e.g. with boiler control, DENOX and DESOX plants.

The market requires a reliable complete system which is specially designed for the application. The Set CEM 1 (Continuous Emission Monitoring) offered by Siemens is a system which reliably covers all requirements associated with sampling, sample preparation, and gas analysis.

It is possible to determine the concentrations of the gaseous components CO, CO₂, NO, NOx, SO₂, O₂, C_{total} HCI, HF, NH₃ and H₂O.

The ULTRAMAT 23 and OXYMAT 6 are used for the extractive, continuous gas analysis.

The standardized Set CEM 1 provides great clarity and simple configuration facilities. Different versions mean that it is possible to appropriately adapt the system to the requirements. Standardization also means that not all imaginable versions can be included, and that it may not be possible to implement special requirements such as armored cables, customer-specific documentation or specific conductor labeling without an extra charge.

Design

Starting with a mounting frame with sample preparation system, it is possible to add additional units as options. These include:

- Sampling probe with weather protection hood
- Heated sample gas line
- Analyzers
- · Air-conditioning unit
- NO₂/NO converter
- Sample preparation extension for an additional ULTRAMAT 23 analyzer
- Single and dual (electrically isolated, not electrically isolated) analog signal processing
- Power supply modules (115 V, 230 V, 400 V)
- Outer panels with steel-plate door or with window
- Single-pole and double-pole fusing
- · Condensation bottle
- Coalescence filter

Sampling probe

The standard probe is fitted with a DIN flange DN 65, PN 6. The probe is provided with a regulated heater, and has a power consumption of 400 VA. It is supplied with a weather protection hood and 2 μ m filter. The maximum dust concentration at the sampling point should not exceed 2 g/m³. The sampling pipe is 1 000 mm long, is made of stainless steel, and has dimensions of 20 x 1.5 mm. The sample gas temperature must not exceed 600 °C

It is also possible to purchase the Set CEM 1 without sample probe.

Set CEM

Set CEM 1

Heated sample gas line

The temperature of the heated line is regulated at 200 °C by a temperature controller. The power consumption is 100 VA per meter. The internal core is made of PTFE 4/6. The heated line can be up to 35 m in length. Lengths greater than 35 m can be provided upon special request. If desired, the system can also be supplied without a heated sample gas line.

Mounting frame

The basis of each CEM 1 set is the mounting frame with hinged frame (40 HU) for installation of up to five 19" rack units. The mounting frame includes a standardized sample preparation system designed for an ULTRAMAT 23.

The sample preparation system includes a 3/2-way solenoid valve, 3-way switchover ball valve, regulating valve, corrosion-resistant sample gas pump (power consumption 60 VA), condensation trap, room air suction filter with filter element, LOGO for digital display of individual signals in the cabinet, 24 V DC power supply unit (power consumption 70 VA). Also included are a sample gas cooler (power consumption 200 VA) with integral preliminary condensation trap, heat exchanger, hose pump, moisture sensor with flow cell and Teflon filter. Teflon tubes connect the components.

The external dimensions without plinth are $2\,000\,x\,800\,x\,800\,mm$ (H x W x D). A cabinet depth of 600 mm is also optionally available (not suitable for LDS 6). Hoses and cables can be connected from the left or right. A distance of 500 mm must be provided on the left or right at the installation site for introduction of the hoses and cables.

In addition to the sheet-steel mounting frames for indoor installation, an FRP version is also available for outdoor use. The FRP cabinet is always provided complete with side panels and plinth. The external dimensions are 2 080 x 800 x 600 mm (H x W x D). The GRP cabinet cannot be combined with the LDS 6.

Preparation of sample preparation system for second ULTRAMAT 23

The standard system with sample preparation system and electronics is prepared for one ULTRAMAT 23. If a second ULTRAMAT 23 is to be fitted, this option must be selected so that the sample preparation system and electronics are extended accordingly.

Additional filter

In addition to the fine filter and moisture filter which are always present, a coalescence filter can be optionally fitted in the sample preparation system.

Side panels with doors

Optional outer panels can be selected for the sheet-steel mounting frames. This possibility allows use of the CEM 1 set in analysis cabinets as a rack design on one hand, or on the other as a cabinet design in halls requiring degree of protection IP54. Either a sheet-steel door without window or a glass door can be selected.

Plinth

Plinths with a height of 100 and 200 mm are additionally available.

Cabinet cooling and ventilation

Optionally available are a fan with outlet filter, an air-conditioning unit for indoor installation, and an air-conditioning unit for outdoor installation. The system can be ordered without a fan or air-conditioning unit if the side panels and the door with window are omitted.

The fan with outlet filter has a power consumption of 60 VA, and is fitted in the cabinet wall. The delivery also includes a thermostat with a power consumption of 25 VA.

The air-conditioning unit has a cooling power of 820 VA.

Frost protection heater

The power consumption of the optional cabinet heater is 500 VA. The delivery includes a thermostat with a power consumption of 25 VA for controlling the frost protection heater.

Fusing of the analog signals

In addition to single-pole fusing of the electronic consumers, it is possible to provide double-pole fusing.

The double-pole fuse is mainly required in Benelux countries.

Removal of condensation

A 19 liter condensation bottle can be provided as an option. It is also possible to order the system without a condensation bottle if the condensation can be removed on-site.

NO₂/NO converter

The mounting frame and cabinets can be optionally extended by a 19" rack unit with NO $_2$ /NO converter with carbon cartridge. The power consumption is 520 VA. The flow rate is 90 I/h. An NO $_2$ /NO converter is required if the share of NO $_2$ in the total NOx is greater than 5 % and/or if total NOx is to be always determined.

Power supply

The system can be designed either for 115 V AC, 230 V AC or 400 V AC (-15 %, +10 %) with 50 or 60 Hz.

Three phases, neutral and ground must be provided by the customer at 400 V AC. $\,$

Analog signal processing

As standard, the analog signals are simply connected to isolating terminals. As an option, the analog signals can be processed twice without electrical isolation by a diode module, or twice with electrical isolation.

Analyzers

The standardized set is prepared for an ULTRAMAT 23. The system can be supplemented by a second ULTRAMAT 23, OXYMAT 6 and/or LDS 6. Various measured components and measuring ranges can be selected. Other combinations of components and ranges are available on request. In such a case it must be checked whether the desired certificates and approvals are available. The analyzers used, the measured components and the measuring ranges are described briefly below.

Details on the analyzers, alternative components and ranges can be found under the topics "Continuous gas analyzers, extractive" and "Continuous gas analyzers, in-situ".

ULTRAMAT 23: CO, NO

For measuring two infrared components.

Component	Smallest tested measuring range	Switchable to
CO	0 150 mg/Nm ³	0 750 mg/Nm ³
NO	0 100 mg/Nm ³	0 500 mg/Nm ³

One or two measuring ranges can be freely set within the limits. The ULTRAMAT 23 carries out automatic self-calibration with ambient air. The power consumption is 60 VA.

Set CEM

Set CEM 1

ULTRAMAT 23: CO, NO, SO₂

For measuring three infrared components.

Component	Smallest tested measuring range	Switchable to
CO	0 250 mg/Nm ³	0 1 250 mg/Nm ³
NO	0 400 mg/Nm ³	0 2 000 mg/Nm ³
SO ₂	0 400 mg/Nm ³	0 2 000 mg/Nm ³

One or two measuring ranges can be freely set within the limits. The ULTRAMAT 23 carries out automatic self-calibration with ambient air. The power consumption is 60 VA.

ULTRAMAT 23: CO, NO, CO₂

For measuring three infrared components.

Component	Smallest tested measuring range	Switchable to
CO	0 250 mg/Nm ³	0 1 250 mg/Nm ³
NO	0 400 mg/Nm ³	0 2 000 mg/Nm ³
CO ₂	0 5 %	0 25 %

One or two measuring ranges can be freely set within the limits. The ULTRAMAT 23 carries out automatic self-calibration with ambient air. The power consumption is 60 VA.

The component CO_2 has not been type approved by the TÜV.

ULTRAMAT 23: CO2

For measuring one infrared component.

Component	Smallest measuring range	Largest measuring range
CO ₂	0 5 %	0 25 %

One or two limits can be freely set within the limits. The ULTRAMAT 23 carries out automatic self-calibration with ambient air. The power consumption is 60 VA.

The component CO₂ has not been type approved by the TÜV.

The ULTRAMAT 23 analyzers can be optionally equipped with an electrochemical oxygen sensor.

O2: Tested measuring ranges 0 to 10 / 25 %

FIDAMAT 6: Ctotal (THC)

Component	Smallest tested measuring range
C _{total}	0 10 ppm

The following is supplied:

- Universal filter heated up to 180 °C. Heater divided in two with heated inlets. Mounted on a base plate with thermally insulated hood, including temperature regulator adjustable from 0 to 180 °C with overtemperature limiter and undertemperature alarm.
- Filter body of carbon-reinforced PTFE, with ultrafine glass fiber filter element (0.1 µm)
- Combustion air preparation device for connection to instrument air approximately 6 bar g with pressure regulator and maintenance unit.
- Hydrogen limitation for installation with cylinder pressure reducer for H₂
- 2/2-way Ex solenoid valve of stainless steel for shutting off the H₂ infeed in the event of loss of seal
- Gas monitor
- · Evaluation instrument
- Test gas set in plastic case

OXYMAT 6: O₂

For paramagnetic measurement of oxygen. Instead of ULTRAMAT 23 with electrochemical cell.

 O_2 : Tested measuring ranges 0 to 10 / 0 to 25 %

Sample chamber without flow-type compensation branch, made of stainless steel 1.4571.

LDS 6: HCI

Component	Smallest tested measuring range
HCI	0 15 mg/Nm ³

Application for channel 1: Emission monitoring

The power consumption is 50 VA. Suitable for connection of non-Ex sensors, including non-Ex-protected sensor electronics.

The delivery includes a pair of sensors for instrument air or N2 on the process side. The pair of sensors is designed for a moderate flow rate of 0 to 120 l/min. The 400 mm long purging tubes are made of stainless steel. The process connection is DN 65, PN 6. The power consumption is 2 VA.

Limitation

Applies to measurement paths > 2 000 mm, applies to gases with a methane content < 15 mg/m 3 . Necessary gas temperature between 120 and 210 $^{\circ}$ C.

LDS 6: HCI / H₂O

Component	Smallest tested measuring range	
HCI	0 15 mg/Nm ³	
H ₂ O	0 30 %	

Application for channel 1: Emission monitoring

The power consumption is 50 VA. Suitable for connection of non-Ex sensors, including non-Ex-protected sensor electronics.

The delivery includes a pair of sensors for instrument air or N2 on the process side. The pair of sensors is designed for a moderate flow rate of 0 to 120 l/min. The 400 mm long purging tubes are made of stainless steel. The process connection is DN 65, PN 6. The power consumption is 2 VA.

Limitation:

Applies to measurement paths > 2 000 mm, applies to gases with a methane content < 15 mg/m 3 . Necessary gas temperature between 120 and 210 $^{\circ}$ C.

LDS 6: HF

HF: Smallest possible measuring range depends on the gas composition.

Application for channel 1: Emission monitoring

The power consumption is 50 VA. Suitable for connection of non-Ex sensors, including non-Ex-protected sensor electronics.

The delivery includes a pair of sensors for instrument air or $\rm N_2$ on the process side. The pair of sensors is designed for a moderate flow rate of 0 to 120 l/min. The 400 mm long purging tubes are made of stainless steel. The process connection is DN 65, PN 6. The power consumption is 2 VA. The HF measurement has not been type approved by the TÜV.

Limitation:

Component has not been type approved by TÜV. Necessary gas temperature between 0 and 150 °C.

Set CEM

Set CEM 1

LDS 6: HF/H2O

HF: Smallest possible measuring range depends on the gas composition.

H₂O: Smallest tested measuring range 0 to 30 %

Application for channel 1: Emission monitoring

The power consumption is 50 VA. Suitable for connection of non-Ex sensors, including non-Ex-protected sensor electronics.

The delivery includes a pair of sensors for instrument air or N₂ on the process side. The pair of sensors is designed for a moderate flow rate of 0 to 120 l/min. The 400 mm long purging tubes are made of stainless steel. The process connection is DN 65, PN 6. The power consumption is 2 VA. The HF measurement has not been type approved by the TÜV.

Limitation:

Component has not been type approved by TÜV. Necessary gas temperature between 0 and 150 °C.

LDS 6: NH₂

Component	Smallest tested measuring range
NH ₃	0 20 mg/Nm ³

Application for channel 1: Emission monitoring

The power consumption is 50 VA. Suitable for connection of non-Ex sensors, including non-Ex-protected sensor electronics.

The delivery includes a pair of sensors for instrument air or N₂ on the process side. The pair of sensors is designed for a moderate flow rate of 0 to 120 l/min. The 400 mm long purging tubes are made of stainless steel. The process connection is DN 65, PN 6. The power consumption is 2 VA.

Limitation:

Applies to measurement paths > 1 250 mm. Necessary gas temperature between 0 and 150 °C.

LDS 6: NH₂/ H₂O

Component	Smallest tested measuring range
NH ₃	0 20 mg/Nm ³
H ₂ O	0 15 %

Application for channel 1: Emission monitoring

The power consumption is 50 VA. Suitable for connection of non-Ex sensors, including non-Ex-protected sensor electronics.

The delivery includes a pair of sensors for instrument air or N₂ on the process side. The pair of sensors is designed for a moderate flow rate of 0 to 120 l/min. The 400 mm long purging tubes are made of stainless steel. The process connection is DN 65, PN 6. The power consumption is 2 VA.

Applies to measurement paths > 1 250 mm. Necessary gas temperature between 0 and 150 °C.

Hvbrid cable

A hybrid cable is required to connect a central unit to one pair of sensors. Versions for 5, 10, 25, 40 and 50 m are available. Cable lengths cannot be combined. Lengths greater than 50 m can be ordered on request.

Sensor cable

A sensor cable is required to connect one pair of sensors. Versions for 5, 10 and 25 m are available. Cable lengths cannot be combined. Lengths greater than 25 m can be ordered on request.

Electrical preparation for dust measurement

Electrical preparation for connection of an external dust measurement to the system.

Electrical preparation for flow measurement

Electrical preparation for connection of an external flow measurement to the system.

Electrical preparation for pressure measurement

Electrical preparation for connection of an external pressure measurement to the system.

Electrical preparation for temperature measurement

Electrical preparation for connection of an external temperature measurement to the system.

Electrical preparation for emission data memory on rail module

Electrical preparation for connection of an emission data memory on rail module to the system.

Electrical preparation for emission data memory in 19" rack

Electrical preparation for connection of an emission data memory in 19" rack unit to the system.

Additional LOGO for four or more 19" rack units

Sets with more than three 19" rack units integrated require a LOGO extension module. The delivery also includes connection and programming.

Core end labeling

It is optionally possible to order core end labeling according to the Siemens standard (VDE 0100 Part 200).

Documentation

The Siemens standard documentation is available in German, English or French.

The documentation includes gas path diagram, circuit diagram, terminal diagram, installation diagram, consumable materials list, signal list, cable list, and parts list. Also included are technical data sheets and manuals for the components and devices used. The documentation language for parts provided by other suppliers may deviate. Plant description, LOGO program and test certificates are also included in the documentation.

The documentation contains no customer-specific/projectspecific drawings, and consists of two folders and one CD per

Set CEM 1

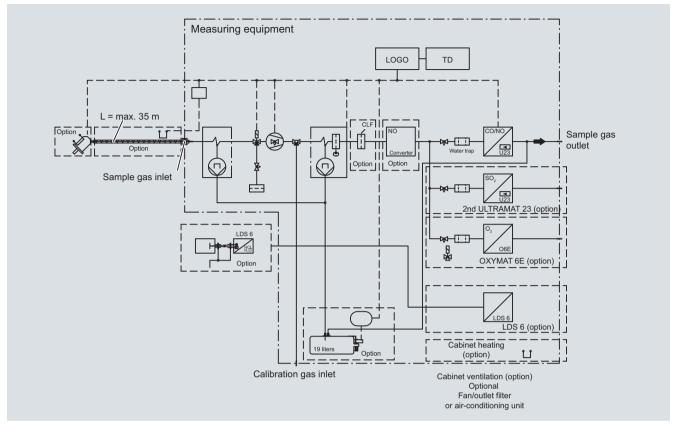


Figure contains options

Set CEM

Set CEM -

Function

A sample is extracted via the heated sample gas probe. The dust concentration may be up to 2 g/m³, the sample gas temperature up to 600 °C. The gas is transported to the analysis cabinet via a heated sample gas line. The heating prevents condensate. The gas cooler cools and dries the sample in the analysis cabinet. Condensate is drained. The level in the condensate trap is monitored. For safety purposes, a coalescence filter can be provided in addition to the fine filter and moisture filter which are always present. The sample gas is analyzed by analyzers such as the ULTRAMAT 23, OXYMAT 6 and LDS 6. The ULTRAMAT 23 operates on the basis of molecular-specific absorption of infrared radiation or with an electrochemical oxygen measuring cell. The OXYMAT 6 is an analyzer for paramagnetic oxygen measurements. The in-situ LDS 6 laser diode spectrometer operates according to the molecular-specific absorption of near-IR radiation. The delivery may also include an NO_2/NO converter which permits measurement of total nitrogen oxides. In order to qualify the set for low or high temperature ranges (-5, +45 °C), it is possible to use a cabinet heater or air-conditioning unit. Power supply versions are available for 115, 230 or 400 V AC. Electronic consumers can be provided with single-pole or double-pole fusing. The components of the sample preparation system and the analyzers are connected to LOGO modules via a binary signal, and transmit maintenance requirements. The analog signals can be processed either singly or twice. Electrical isolation is additionally possible for the double processing.

Technical specifications

Climat	10 CO	nditi	one

0 ... 35 °C Ambient temperature Max. -5 °C • With heater in sheet-steel cabinet With heating in GRP cabinet Max. -15 °C · With air-conditioning Max. 55 °C Relative humidity 70 %, non-condensing Corrosive atmosphere No

Gas inlet conditions Max. sample gas pressure at inlet to sample preparation system Min. sample gas pressure at inlet to 180 °C sample preparation system Dust content at inlet to sample Dust-free preparation system Sampling probe Sampling tube 20 x 1.5, 1 000 mm long, stainless steel, flange: DN 65, PN 6 Max. sample gas pressure at 500 hPa sampling probe Max. sample gas temperature at 600 °C sampling probe Max. dust content at sampling

Sample gas must not be flammable or explosive.

Power supply

Supply 1	115 V AC (-15 %, +10 %)
Supply 2	230 V AC (-15 %, +10 %)
Supply 3	400 V AC (-15 %, +10 %)

Connections

Hose material Teflon Cables Not armored, not halogen-free Electrical design According to IEC Individual core labeling as option Cable ID Fusing of electronic consumers 1-pole; 2-pole as option Duplication of analog signals · Not electrically isolated as option • Electrically isolated as option

Installation

 In sheet-steel cabinet/frame Indoor installation • In GRP cabinet Outdoor installation Non-Ex area

System design

Version Mounting frame or cabinet Cabinet degree of protection Automatic calibration Yes, with ULTRAMAT 23

Detailed information on the analyzers

You can find detailed information on the analyzers:

- In chapter 2 "Continuous Gas Analyzers, extractive"
- ULTRAMAT 23 from page 2/5
- OXYMAT 6 from page 2/94
- In chapter 3 "Continuous Gas Analyzers, in-situ"
- LDS 6 from page 3/3

Dimensions (without plinth)

Depth of sheet-steel frame • 800 mm (without plinth) 2 000 x 800 x 800 mm (H x W x D) • 600 mm (without plinth) 2 000 x 800 x 600 mm (H x W x D) GRP cabinet (with plinth) 2 080 x 900 x 600 mm (H x W x D)

It is necessary to provide a 500 mm gap to the right or left for the tube or cable inlet.

Use of the LDS 6 requires a cabinet with a depth of 800 mm.

Set CEM 1

Selection and ordering data	Order No.		
Set CEM 1 – Continuous Emission Monitoring	7MB1953-		Cannot be combined
Rack			
Rack 1: 2 000 x 800 x 800 mm (H x W x D), with sample preparation device, with hinged frame 40 HU, hose/cable inlet on left side, with lighting, prepared for 1 x ULTRAMAT 23, max. five 19" rack units possible		0	A03, A04, B02, B04
Rack 2: 2 000 x 800 x 800 mm (H x W x D), with sample preparation device, with hinged frame 40 HU, hose/cable inlet on right side, with lighting, prepared for 1 x ULTRAMAT 23, max. five 19" rack units possible		1	A03, A04, B02, B04
Rack 3: 2 000 \times 800 \times 600 mm (H \times W \times D), with sample preparation device, with hinged frame 40 HU, hose/cable inlet on left side, with lighting, prepared for 1 \times ULTRAMAT 23, max. five 19" rack units possible, not suitable for LDS 6		2	A01, A02, B01, B03, E01 E06, F01 F06, G01 G04
Rack 4: 2 000 x 800 x 600 mm (H x W x D), with sample preparation device, with hinged frame 40 HU, hose/cable inlet on right side, with lighting, prepared for 1 x ULTRAMAT 23, max. five 19" rack units possible, not suitable for LDS 6		3	A01, A02, B01, B03, E01 E06, F01 F06, G01 G04
Rack 5: 2 060 x 900 x 600 mm (H x W x D), GRP, base 80 mm, with sample preparation device, with hinged frame 40 HU, hose/cable inlet on left side, with lighting, prepared for 1 x ULTRAMAT 23, with side panels, incl. door with window, max. five 19" rack units possible, not suitable for LDS 6		4	A01 A04, B01 B04, E01 E06, F01 F06, G01 G04
Rack 6: $2060 \times 900 \times 600$ mm (H x W x D), GRP, base 80 mm, with sample preparation device, with hinged frame 40 HU, hose/cable inlet on right side, with lighting, prepared for 1 x ULTRAMAT 23, with side panels, incl. door with window, max. five 19" rack units possible, not suitable for LDS 6		5	A01 A04, B01 B04, E01 E06, F01 F06, G01 G04
Sampling probe			
Without		Α	
Standard sampling probe		В	
Ventilation/cooling			
Without		A	
Fan with outlet filter		В	
Cabinet air-conditioning unit		C	
Cabinet air-conditioning unit for GRP rack		D	
<u>Heating</u>			
Without		0	
Cabinet heating		1	
Fusing 1 notes		0	
1-pole		0	
2-pole (standard in Benelux countries)	_	1	
Removal of condensation		٥	
Without		0	
19 I container with level monitoring	_	1	
NO ₂ /NO converter			
Without		A	
NO ₂ /NO converter		В	
Power supply			
115 V AC, -15%, +10%, 50 or 60 Hz		A	
230 V AC, -15%, +10%, 50 or 60 Hz		В	
400 V AC, -15%, +10%, 50 or 60 Hz (3 phases, neutral, ground provided by customer)	С	
Connection set for heated line			
Without controller		0	
Standard controller (max. 35 m heated line can be connected)		1	
Note: The heated sample gas line must be ordered separately using Catalog PA 11.			

Additional versions	Order code
Add "-Z" to Order No. and specify order code	
Plinth	
Base for rack 1, 2, height 100 mm	A01
Base for rack 1, 2, height 200 mm	A02
Base for rack 3, 4, height 100 mm	A03
Base for rack 3, 4, height 200 mm	A04
Rack accessories	
Outer panel painted, for Rack 1 and 2, viewing door	B01
Outer panel painted, for Rack 3 and 4, viewing door	B02
Outer panel painted, for Rack 1 and 2, sheet steel door	B03
Outer panel painted, for Rack 3 and 4, sheet steel door	B04
ULTRAMAT 23, OXYMAT 6 extractive analyzers	
ULTRAMAT 23: CO, NO	C01
ULTRAMAT 23: CO, NO, SO ₂	C02
ULTRAMAT 23: CO, NO, CO ₂	C03
ULTRAMAT 23: CO ₂	C04
ULTRAMAT 23: Electrochemical O ₂ sensor for ULTRAMAT 23 expansion	C05
OXYMAT 6: OXYMAT paramagnetic O ₂ analyzer	C06
Additional sample preparation components	
For another ULTRAMAT 23	D01
Coalescence filter	D02
LDS 6 in-situ analyzers	
HCl including sensor pair	E01
HCI/H ₂ O including sensor pair	E02
HF including sensor pair, not suitability-tested	E03
HF/H ₂ O including sensor pair, not suitability-tested	E04
NH ₃ including sensor pair	E05
NH ₃ /H ₂ O including sensor pair	E06
LDS 6 hybrid cable per LDS 6	
5 m	F01
10 m	F02
25 m	F03
40 m	F04
50 m	F05
Customer-specific > 50 m	F06
LDS 6 connecting cable per LDS 6	
5 m	G01
10 m	G02
25 m	G03
Customer-specific > 25 m	G04
Electrical preparation	
Preparation for dust measurement	J01
Preparation for flow measurement	J02
Preparation for pressure measurement	J03
Preparation for temperature measurement	J04
Preparation for emission data memory – DIN rail module	J05
Preparation for emission data memory – 19" rack unit	J06
Additional LOGO	
LOGO for a third and fourth 19" rack unit	K01
LOGO TOT A HING AND TOUTHE 13 TACK WITH	INVI

Set CEM 1

Additional versions	Order code
Core end labeling	
Single-core labeling Siemens standard	L01
Analog signal processing	
Double, galvanically connected, 1 x per analog signal	M01
Double, galvanically isolated, 1 x per analog signal	M02
Documentation	
German	N01
English	NO2
French	N03

Dimensional drawings

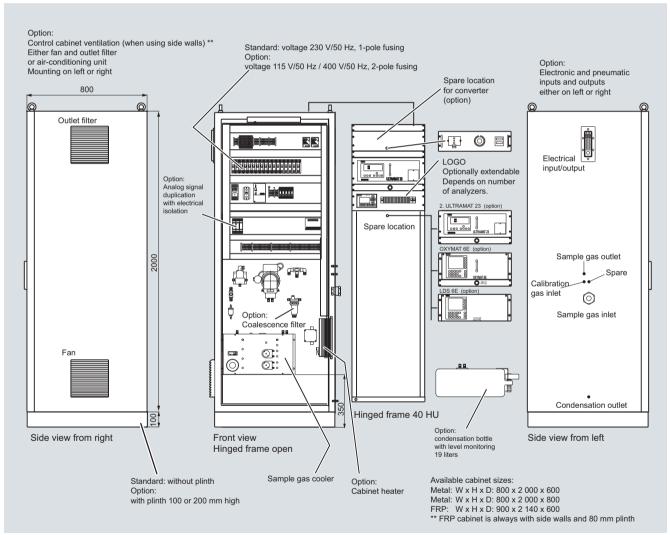


Figure contains options, dimensions in mm

Set CEM

Set CEM 2

Overview



The Set CEM 2 is a standardized system specially for monitoring the emission components in flue gases.

Benefits

Standardized complete system

- Highly exact and reliable monitoring of emission components in flue gases. System-specific certificate according to DIN EN ISO 14956 and QAL 1, according to EN 14181
- Modular complete package with gas sampling system, sample gas preparation system and gas analyzers from one source
- · Simple and fast to configure
- Tried and tested, harmonized and reliable set
- Low purchase price and economic operation

Proven, suitability-tested technologies

- Continuous determination of up to 10 measured components
- In-situ measurements without sampling and preparation, using LDS 6 laser diode spectrometer
- Use of ULTRAMAT 6 NDIR analyzer
- · Paramagnetic oxygen measurement with OXYMAT 6

Simple operation

- Intuitive operation
- Configuration on large displays using plain text, in several languages

Simple maintenance

- Maintenance-friendly cabinet design with hinged frame and uniform design
- Digital display of maintenance requests on LOGO modules

Application

The measurement and monitoring of emission components s in flue gases is one of the most important topics for continuous gas analysis. This is a result of legislation for monitoring emissions, e.g. for waste incinerators, and also due to the requirements of companies operating process plants who can draw conclusions on the process efficiency from the gas analyses, e.g. with boiler and oven controls, DENOX and DESOX plants.

The market requires a reliable complete system which is specially designed for the application. The Set CEM 2 (Continuous Emission Monitoring) offered by Siemens is a system which reliably covers all requirements associated with sampling, sample preparation, and gas analysis.

It is possible to determine the concentrations of the gaseous components CO, CO₂, NO, NOx, SO₂, O₂, C_{total}, HCI, HF, NH₃ and H₂O.

The ULTRAMAT 6 and OXYMAT 6 are used for the extractive, continuous gas analysis.

The standardized Set CEM 2 provides great clarity and simple configuration facilities. Different versions mean that it is possible to appropriately adapt the system to the requirements. Standardization also means that not all imaginable versions can be included, and that it may not be possible to implement special requirements such as armored cables, customer-specific documentation or specific conductor labeling without an extra charge.

Design

Starting with a mounting frame with sample preparation system, it is possible to add additional units as options. These include:

- Sampling probe with weather protection hood
- Heated sample gas line
- Analyzers
- Air-conditioning unit
- NO₂/NO converter
- Sample preparation extension for an additional ULTRAMAT 6 analyzer
- Single and dual (electrically isolated, not electrically isolated) analog signal processing
- Power supply modules (115 V, 230 V, 400 V)
- Outer panels with steel-plate door or with window
- · Single-pole and double-pole fusing
- · Condensation bottle
- Coalescence filter

Sampling probe

The standard probe is fitted with a DIN flange DN 65, PN 6. The probe is provided with a regulated heater, and has a power consumption of 400 VA. It is supplied with a weather protection hood and 2 μm filter. The maximum dust concentration at the sampling point should not exceed 2 g/m³. The sampling pipe is 1 000 mm long, is made of stainless steel, and has dimensions of 20 x 1.5 mm. The sample gas temperature must not exceed 600 °C.

It is also possible to purchase the Set CEM 2 without sample probe.

Heated sample gas line

The temperature of the heated line is regulated at 200 °C by a temperature controller. The power consumption is 100 VA per meter. The internal core is made of PTFE 4/6. The heated line can be up to 35 m in length. Lengths greater than 35 m can be provided upon special request. If desired, the system can also be supplied without a heated sample gas line.

Set CEM 2

Mounting frame

The basis of each CEM 2 set is the mounting frame with hinged frame (40 HU) for installation of up to five 19" rack units. The mounting frame includes a standardized sample preparation device designed for an ULTRAMAT 6. If a FIDAMAT 6 is used, a total of only three 19" rack units can be installed.

The sample preparation device includes regulating valves, corrosion-resistant sample gas pump (power consumption 60 VA), condensation trap, room air suction filter with filter element, LOGO for digital display of individual signals in the cabinet, 24 V DC power supply unit (power consumption 70 VA). Also included are a sample gas cooler (power consumption 200 VA) with integral preliminary condensation trap, heat exchanger, hose pump, moisture sensor with flow cell and Teflon filter. Teflon tubes connect the components.

The external dimensions without plinth are $2\,000\,x\,800\,x\,800\,mm$ (H x W x D). Hoses and cables can be connected from the left or right. A distance of 500 mm must be provided on the left or right at the installation site for introduction of the hoses and cables.

In addition to the sheet-steel mounting frames for indoor installation, an FRP version is also available for outdoor use. The FRP cabinet is always provided complete with side panels and plinth. The external dimensions are 1 140 x 1 000 x 1 000 mm (H x W x D).

Preparation of sample preparation system for second ULTRAMAT 6

The standard system with sample preparation system and electronics is prepared for one ULTRAMAT 6. If a second ULTRAMAT 6 is to be fitted, this option must be selected so that the sample preparation system and electronics are extended accordingly.

Additional filter

In addition to the fine filter and moisture filter which are always present, a coalescence filter can be optionally fitted in the sample preparation system.

Side panels with doors

Optional outer panels can be selected for the sheet-steel mounting frames. This possibility allows use of the CEM 2 set in analysis cabinets as a rack design on one hand, or on the other as a cabinet design in halls requiring degree of protection IP54. Either a sheet-steel door without window or a glass door can be selected.

Extension rack

The extension rack option must be used for systems with more 19" rack units than expected. The extension rack is an empty mounting frame without side panels for installation of up to five further 19" rack units.

Plinth

Plinths with a height of 100 and 200 mm are additionally available

Cabinet cooling and ventilation

Optionally available are a fan with outlet filter, an air-conditioning unit for indoor installation, and an air-conditioning unit for outdoor installation. The system can be ordered without a fan or air-conditioning unit if the side panels and the door with window are omitted.

The fan with outlet filter has a power consumption of 60 VA, and is fitted in the cabinet wall. The delivery also includes a thermostat with a power consumption of 25 VA.

The air-conditioning unit has a cooling power of 820 VA.

Frost protection heater

The power consumption of the optional cabinet heater is 500 VA. The delivery includes a thermostat with a power consumption of 25 VA for controlling the frost protection heater.

Fusing of the analog signals

In addition to single-pole fusing of the electronic consumers, it is possible to provide double-pole fusing.

The double-pole fuse is mainly required in Benelux countries.

Removal of condensation

A 19 liter condensation bottle can be provided as an option. It is also possible to order the system without a condensation bottle if the condensation can be removed on-site.

NO₂/NO converter

The mounting frames can be optionally extended by a 19" rack unit with NO_2/NO converter with carbon cartridge. The power consumption is 520 VA. The flow rate is 90 I/h. An NO_2/NO converter is required if the share of NO_2 in the total NOx is greater than 5 % and/or if total NOx is to be always determined.

Power supply

The system can be designed either for 115 V AC, 230 V AC or 400 V AC (-15%, +10%) with 50 or 60 Hz.

Three phases, neutral and ground must be provided by the customer at 400 V AC.

Analog signal processing

As standard, the analog signals are simply connected to isolating terminals. As an option, the analog signals can be processed twice without electrical isolation by a diode module, or twice with electrical isolation.

Analyzers

The standardized set is prepared for an ULTRAMAT 6. The system can be supplemented by a second ULTRAMAT 6, OXYMAT 6 and/or LDS 6. Various measured components and measuring ranges can be selected. Other combinations of measured components and measuring ranges are available on request. In such a case it must be checked whether the desired certificates and approvals are available. The analyzers used, the measured components and the measuring ranges are described briefly below. Autocalibration or manual calibration can be selected as options.

Details on the analyzers, alternative measured components and measuring ranges can be found under the topics "Continuous gas analyzers, extractive" and "Continuous gas analyzers, insitu"

ULTRAMAT/OXYMAT 6: CO, NO, O2

For measuring two infrared components.

Component	Smallest tested measuring range	Switchable to
CO	0 75 mg/Nm ³	0 1 000 mg/Nm ³
NO	0 200 mg/Nm ³	0 2 000 mg/Nm ³
O_2	0 10 %	0 25 %

One or two measuring ranges can be freely set within the limits.

Set CEM

Set CEM 2

ULTRAMAT 6: CO, NO, SO₂

For measuring three infrared components.

Component	Smallest tested measuring range	Switchable to
CO	0 75 mg/Nm ³	0 1 000 mg/Nm ³
NO	0 200 mg/Nm ³	0 2 000 mg/Nm ³
SO ₂	0 75 mg/Nm ³	0 1 500 mg/Nm ³

One or two measuring ranges can be freely set within the limits.

ULTRAMAT 6: CO, NO, CO₂

For measuring three infrared components.

Component	Smallest tested measuring range	Switchable to
CO	0 75 mg/Nm ³	0 1 000 mg/Nm ³
NO	0 200 mg/Nm ³	0 2 000 mg/Nm ³
CO ₂	0 5 %	0 25 %

One or two measuring ranges can be freely set within the limits. The component CO_2 has not been type approved by the TÜV.

ULTRAMAT 6: CO2

For measuring one infrared component.

Component	Smallest tested measuring range	Switchable to
CO ₂	0 5 %	0 25 %

One or two limits can be freely set within the limits.

The component CO₂ has not been type approved by the TÜV.

FIDAMAT 6: Ctotal (THC)

Component	Smallest tested measuring range
C _{total}	0 10 ppm

The following is supplied:

- Universal filter heated up to 180 °C. Heater divided in two with heated inlets. Mounted on a base plate with thermally insulated hood, including temperature regulator adjustable from 0 to 180 °C with overtemperature limiter and undertemperature alarm.
- Filter body of carbon-reinforced PTFE, with ultrafine glass fiber filter element (0.1 μm)
- Combustion air preparation device for connection to instrument air approximately 6 bar g with pressure regulator and maintenance unit.
- Hydrogen limitation for installation with cylinder pressure reducer for H₂
- 2/2-way stainless steel Ex solenoid valve for shutting off the H₂ supply in the event of loss of seal
- · Gas monitor
- · Evaluation instrument
- · Calibration gas set in plastic case

OXYMAT 6: O₂

For paramagnetic measurement of oxygen.

Component	Smallest tested measuring range	Switchable to
O ₂	0 10 %	0 25 %

Sample chamber without flow-type compensation branch, made of stainless steel 1.4571.

LDS 6: HCI

Component	Smallest tested measuring range
HCI	0 15 mg/Nm ³

Application for channel 1: Emission monitoring

The power consumption is 50 VA. Suitable for connection of non-Ex sensors, including non-Ex-protected sensor electronics.

The delivery includes a pair of sensors for instrument air or $\rm N_2$ on the process side. The pair of sensors is designed for a moderate flow rate of 0 to 120 l/min. The 400 mm long purging tubes are made of stainless steel. The process connection is DN 65, PN 6. The power consumption is 2 VA.

Limitation:

Applies to measurement paths > 2 000 mm, applies to gases with a methane content < 15 mg/m³. Necessary gas temperature between 120 and 210 °C.

LDS 6: HCI / H₂O

Component	Smallest tested measuring range
HCI	0 15 mg/Nm ³
H ₂ O	0 30 %

Application for channel 1: Emission monitoring

The power consumption is 50 VA. Suitable for connection of non-Ex sensors, including non-Ex-protected sensor electronics.

The delivery includes a pair of sensors for instrument air or $\rm N_2$ on the process side. The pair of sensors is designed for a moderate flow rate of 0 to 120 l/min. The 400 mm long purging tubes are made of stainless steel. The process connection is DN 65, PN 6. The power consumption is 2 VA.

Limitation

Applies to measurement paths > 2 000 mm, applies to gases with a methane content < 15 mg/m 3 . Necessary gas temperature between 120 and 210 $^{\circ}$ C.

LDS 6: HF

HF: Smallest possible measuring range depends on the gas composition.

Application for channel 1: Emission monitoring

The power consumption is 50 VA. Suitable for connection of non-Ex sensors, including non-Ex-protected sensor electronics.

The delivery includes a pair of sensors for instrument air or $\rm N_2$ on the process side. The pair of sensors is designed for a moderate flow rate of 0 to 120 l/min. The 400 mm long purging tubes are made of stainless steel. The process connection is DN 65, PN 6. The power consumption is 2 VA. The HF measurement has not been type approved by TÜV.

I imitation:

Component has not been type approved by TÜV. Necessary gas temperature between 0 and 150 °C.

Set CEM 2

LDS 6: HF/H2O

HF: Smallest possible measuring range depends on the gas composition.

H₂O: Smallest tested measuring range: 0 to 30 %

Application for channel 1: Emission monitoring

The power consumption is 50 VA. Suitable for connection of non-Ex sensors, including non-Ex-protected sensor electronics.

The delivery includes a pair of sensors for instrument air or $\rm N_2$ on the process side. The pair of sensors is designed for a moderate flow rate of 0 to 120 l/min. The 400 mm long purging tubes are made of stainless steel. The process connection is DN 65, PN 6. The power consumption is 2 VA. The HF measurement has not been type approved by TÜV.

Limitation:

Component has not been type approved by TÜV. Necessary gas temperature between 0 and 150 °C.

LDS 6: NH₃

Component	Smallest tested measuring range
NH ₃	0 20 mg/Nm ³

Application for channel 1: Emission monitoring

The power consumption is 50 VA. Suitable for connection of non-Ex sensors, including non-Ex-protected sensor electronics.

The delivery includes a pair of sensors for instrument air or $\rm N_2$ on the process side. The pair of sensors is designed for a moderate flow rate of 0 to 120 l/min. The 400 mm long purging tubes are made of stainless steel. The process connection is DN 65, PN 6. The power consumption is 2 VA.

Limitation

Applies to measurement paths > 1 250 mm. Necessary gas temperature between 0 and 150 $^{\circ}$ C.

LDS 6: NH₃/ H₂O

Component	Smallest tested measuring range
NH ₃	0 20 mg/Nm ³
H ₂ O	0 15 %

Application for channel 1: Emission monitoring

The power consumption is 50 VA. Suitable for connection of non-Ex sensors, including non-Ex-protected sensor electronics.

The delivery includes a pair of sensors for instrument air or $\rm N_2$ on the process side. The pair of sensors is designed for a moderate flow rate of 0 to 120 l/min. The 400 mm long purging tubes are made of stainless steel. The process connection is DN 65, PN 6. The power consumption is 2 VA.

Limitation:

Applies to measurement paths > 1 250 mm. Necessary gas temperature between 0 and 150 $^{\circ}\text{C}.$

Hybrid cable

A hybrid cable is required to connect a central unit to one pair of sensors. Versions for 5, 10, 25, 40 and 50 m are available. Cable lengths cannot be combined. Lengths greater than 50 m can be ordered on request.

Sensor cable

A sensor cable is required to connect one pair of sensors. Versions for 5, 10 and 25 m are available. Cable lengths cannot be combined. Lengths greater than 25 m can be ordered on request.

Electrical preparation for dust measurement

Electrical preparation for connection of an external dust measurement to the system.

Electrical preparation for flow measurement

Electrical preparation for connection of an external flow measurement to the system.

Electrical preparation for pressure measurement

Electrical preparation for connection of an external pressure measurement to the system.

Electrical preparation for temperature measurement

Electrical preparation for connection of an external temperature measurement to the system.

Electrical preparation for emission data memory on rail module

Electrical preparation for connection of an emission data memory on rail module to the system.

Electrical preparation for emission data memory in 19" rack unit

Electrical preparation for connection of an emission data memory in 19" rack unit to the system.

Additional LOGO for four or more 19" rack units

Sets with more than three 19" rack units integrated require a LOGO extension module. The delivery also includes connection and programming.

Core end labeling

It is optionally possible to order core end labeling according to the Siemens standard (VDE 0100 Part 200).

Documentation

The Siemens standard documentation is available in German, English or French.

The documentation includes gas path diagram, circuit diagram, terminal diagram, installation diagram, consumable materials list, signal list, cable list and parts list. Also included are technical data sheets and operating instructions for the components and devices used. The documentation language for parts provided by other suppliers may deviate. Plant description, LOGO program and test certificates are also included in the documentation.

The documentation contains no customer-specific/project-specific drawings, and consists of two folders and one CD-ROM per set.

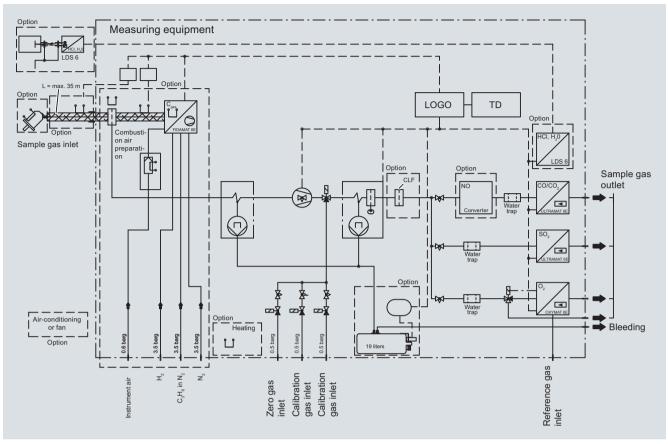


Figure contains options

Set CEM 2

Function

A sample is extracted via the thermostatically-controlled sample gas probe. The dust concentration may be up to 2 g/m³, the sample gas temperature up to 600 °C. The gas is transported to the analysis cabinet via a heated sample gas line. The heating prevents condensate. The gas cooler cools and dries the sample in the analysis cabinet. Condensate is drained. The level in the condensate trap is monitored. For safety purposes, a coalescence filter can be provided in addition to the fine filter and moisture filter which are always present.

The sample gas is analyzed by analyzers such as the ULTRAMAT 6, OXYMAT 6 and LDS 6. The ULTRAMAT 6 operates on the basis of molecular-specific absorption of infrared radiation. The OXYMAT 6 is an analyzer for paramagnetic oxygen measurements. The in-situ LDS 6 laser diode spectrometer operates according to the molecular-specific absorption of near infrared radiation. FIDAMAT 6 is used to determine total hydrocarbons. The delivery may also include an NO₂/NO converter which permits measurement of total nitrogen oxides.

In order to qualify the set for low or high temperature ranges (-5, +45 °C), it is possible to use a cabinet heater or air-conditioning unit. Power supply versions are available for 115, 230 or 400 V AC. Electronic consumers can be provided with singlepole or double-pole fusing. The components of the sample preparation system and the analyzers are connected to LOGO modules via a binary signal, and transmit maintenance requirements. The analog signals can be processed either singly or twice. Electrical isolation is additionally possible for the double processing.

Technical specifications

Climatic conditions

Ambient temperature	0 35 °C
• With heater in sheet-steel cabinet	Max5 °C
With heating in GRP cabinet	Max15 °C
With air-conditioning	Max. 55 °C
Relative humidity	70 %, non-condensing
Corrosive atmosphere	No

Gas inlet conditions

Max. sample gas pressure at inlet to sample preparation system	500 hPa
Sample gas pressure at inlet to	180 200 °C, non-condensing

sample preparation system Dust content at inlet to sample

preparation system

Sampling probe

Max. sample gas pressure at sampling probe

Max. sample gas temperature at sampling probe

Max. dust content at sampling probe

Dust-free

Sampling tube 20 x 1.5, 1 000 mm long, stainless steel, flange: DN 65, PN 6

500 hPa

600 °C

2 g/Nm³

Sample gas must not be flammable or explosive.

Power supply

115 V AC (-15 %, +10 %) Supply 1 230 V AC (-15 %, +10 %) Supply 2 400 V AC (-15 %, +10 %) Supply 3

Connections

Hose material Teflon Cables Not armored, not halogen-free Electrical design According to IEC Cable ID Individual core labeling as option Fusing of electronic consumers 1-pole; 2-pole as option

Duplication of analog signals option

Not electrically isolated as

• Electrically isolated as option

Installation

Site

 In sheet-steel cabinet/frame Indoor installation • In GRP cabinet Outdoor installation Ex zone Non-Ex area

System design

Version Mounting frame or cabinet IP54 Cabinet degree of protection Automatic calibration Yes, optional

Detailed information on the analyzers

You can find detailed information on the analyzers:

- In chapter 2 "Continuous Gas Analyzers, extractive"
- ULTRAMAT 23 from page 2/5 OXYMAT 6 from page 2/94
- FIDAMAT 6 from page 2/181
- In chapter 3 "Continuous Gas Analyzers, in-situ" LDS 6 from page 3/3

Dimensions (without plinth)

Depth of sheet-steel frame

2000 x 800 x 800 mm (H x W x D)

(without plinth)

GRP cabinet (with plinth) 2 140 x 1 000 x 1 000 mm

 $(H \times W \times D)$

It is necessary to allow a space of 500 mm on the left or right for introduction of the hoses/cables.

Selection and ordering data	Order No.		
Set CEM 2 – Continuous Emission Monitoring	7MB1954-	Cannot be combined	
Rack			
Rack 1: $2000\times800\times800$ mm (H x W x D), with sample preparation device, with hinged frame 40 HU, hose/cable inlet on left side, with lighting, prepared for 1 x ULTRAMAT 6, max. five 19" rack units possible	0		
Rack 2: $2000x800x800$ mm (H x W x D), with sample preparation device, with hinged frame 40 HU, hose/cable inlet on right side, with lighting, prepared for 1 x ULTRAMAT 6, max. five 19" rack units possible	1		
Rack 3: 2 140 x 1 000 x 1 000 mm (H x W x D), GRP, with sample preparation device, with hinged frame 40 HU, hose/cable inlet on left side, with lighting, prepared for 1 x ULTRAMAT 6, with side panels, incl. door with window, max. five 19" rack units possible	2	A01, A02, B01, B02	
Rack 4: 2 140 x 1 000 x 1 000 mm (H x W x D), GRP, with sample preparation device, with hinged frame 40 HU, hose/cable inlet on right side, with lighting, prepared for 1 x ULTRAMAT 6, with side panels, incl. door with window, max. five 19" rack units possible	3	A01, A02, B01, B02	
Sampling probe			
Without	A		
Standard sampling probe	В		
Ventilation/cooling			
Without	A		
Fan with outlet filter	В		
Cabinet air-conditioning unit	С		
Cabinet air-conditioning unit for GRP rack	D		
<u>Heating</u>			
Without	0		
Cabinet heating	1		
<u>Fusing</u>			
1-pole	0		
2-pole (standard in Benelux countries)	1		
Removal of condensation			
Without	0		
19 I container with level monitoring	_ 1		
NO ₂ /NO converter			
Without	A		
NO ₂ /NO converter	В		
Power supply			
115 V AC, -15%, +10%, 50 or 60 Hz	A		
230 V AC, -15%, +10%, 50 or 60 Hz	В		
400 V AC, -15%, +10%, 50 or 60 Hz (3 phases, neutral, ground provided by customer) C		
Sample gas cooler			
Cooler for up to 2 analyzers, without LDS 6	0		
Cooler for up to 4 analyzers, without LDS 6	1		

Additional versions	Order code
Add "-Z" to Order No. and specify order code	Cidel Gode
Plinth	
Base for rack 1, 2, height 100 mm	A01
Base for rack 1, 2, height 200 mm	A02
Rack accessories	AUZ
	B01
Outer panel painted, for Rack 1 and 2, viewing door	B02
Outer panel painted, for Rack 1 and 2, sheet steel door Extractive analyzers series 6	DUZ
•	C01
ULTRAMAT (CO. NO. SO., manual calibration	C02
ULTRAMAT 6: CO, NO, SO ₂ , manual calibration	C02
ULTRAMAT 6: CO, NO, CO ₂ , manual calibration FIDAMAT 6: C total, manual calibration	C04
	C05
OXYMAT 6: O ₂ paramagnetic, manual calibration	
ULTRAMAT (C. CO. NO. CO., autom. calibration	C06
ULTRAMAT 6: CO, NO, SO ₂ , autom. calibration	C07
ULTRAMAT 6: CO, NO, CO ₂ , autom. calibration	C08
FIDAMAT 6: C total, autom. calibration	C09
OXYMAT 6: O ₂ paramagnetic, autom. calibration	C10
Additional sample preparation components	
Supplement for another ULTRAMAT 6	D01
Coalescence filter	D02
LDS 6 in-situ analyzers	
HCl including sensor pair	E01
HCI/H ₂ O including sensor pair	E02
HF including sensor pair, not suitability-tested	E03
HF/H ₂ O including sensor pair, not suitability-tested	E04
NH ₃ including sensor pair	E05
NH ₃ /H ₂ O including sensor pair	E06
HCL/HF/NH ₃ including sensor pair	E07
HCL/HF/NH ₃ /H ₂ O including sensor pair	E08
HCL/NH ₃ including sensor pair	E09
HCL/NH ₃ /H ₂ O including sensor pair	E10
HCL/HF including sensor pair	E11
HCL/HF/H ₂ O including sensor pair	E12
LDS 6 hybrid cable per LDS 6	
5 m	F01
10 m	F02
25 m	F03
40 m	F04
50 m	F05
Customer-specific > 50 m	F06
LDS 6 connecting cable per LDS 6	004
5 m	G01
10 m	G02
25 m	G03
Customer-specific > 25 m	G04
Heated line	1104
5 m long	H01
Customer-specific max. 35 m	H02
Extension rack	104
Expansion rack, viewing door	J01
Expansion rack, sheet steel door	J02

Additional versions	Order code
Add "-Z" to Order No. and specify order code	
Electrical preparation	
Preparation for dust measurement	K01
Preparation for flow measurement	K02
Preparation for pressure measurement	К03
Preparation for temperature measurement	K04
Preparation for emission data memory – DIN rail module	K05
Preparation for emission data memory – 19" rack unit	K06
Additional LOGO	
LOGO for a third and fourth 19" rack unit	L01
Core end labeling	
Single-core labeling Siemens standard	M01
Single-core labeling, customized	M02
Analog signal processing	
Double, galvanically connected, 1 x per analog signal	N01
Double, galvanically isolated, 1 x per analog signal	N02
Documentation	
German	P01
English	P02
French	P03

Set CEM 2

Dimensional drawings

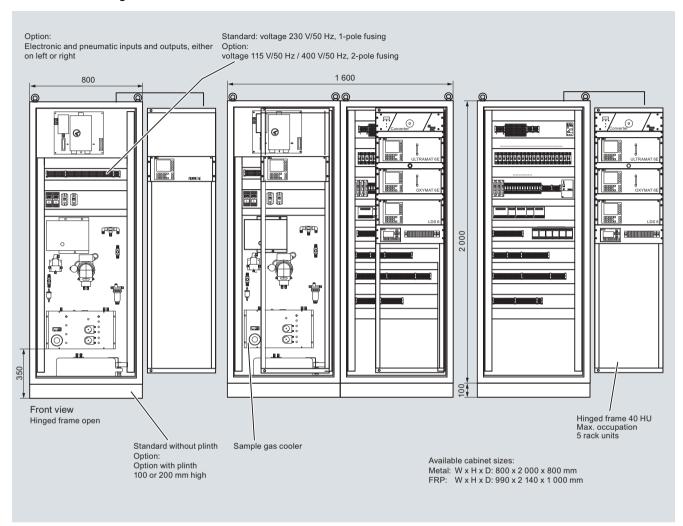


Figure contains options, dimensions in mm

General information

Overview



The FIDAMAT 6 gas analyzer is suitable for determination of the total hydrocarbon content in air, in process gases, and highboiling gas mixtures.

Benefits

The FIDAMAT 6 gas analyzer is distinguished by its wide range of applications:

- In the presence of up to 100 % H₂O vapor
- With high-boiling components (up to 200 °C)
- In the presence of corrosive gases (with preliminary filter)

The FIDAMAT 6 exhibits:

- · Extremely low cross-sensitivity to interfering gases
- · Low consumption of combustion air
- Low influence of oxygen on measured value

The analyzer is additionally equipped with warning and fault messages:

- For failure of combustion gas
- · If the flame is extinguished
- · To indicate pump and filter faults

The Set FIDAMAT 6 EX additionally provides:

- Use in hazardous areas of zone 2 in accordance with directive 94/EU
- · LEL measurement of explosive gas mixtures

Application

The SET FIDAMAT EX is used in the following areas:

- Workplace monitoring
- Purity checks and quality control
- · Safety monitoring
- · Quality assurance
- · Production of methanol, ethylene, propylene

The Set FIDAMAT EX is used in the following applications:

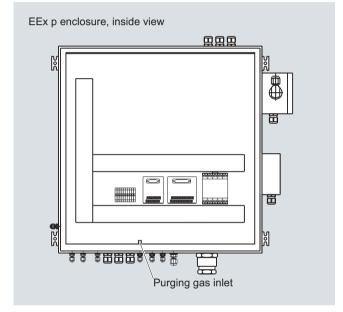
- Chemicals and petrochemicals
- · Paint shops and dry-cleaning systems
- Refineries
- Solvent recovery systems

Design

The Set consists of the following components which can be selected as options:

- FIDAMAT 6 in protective housing in accordance with ATEX (basic version)
- FIDAMAT 6 in protective housing, mounted on mounting plate, and with combustion air preparation device
- FIDAMAT 6 in protective housing, mounted on mounting plate, with combustion air preparation device, installed in a standard control cabinet

The basic version includes the FIDAMAT 6 in a purged sheetsteel protective housing for use in hazardous areas of Zone 2. The monitoring unit for monitoring the volume flow of the purging air and observation of the pressure limits in the protective housing is included in the delivery.

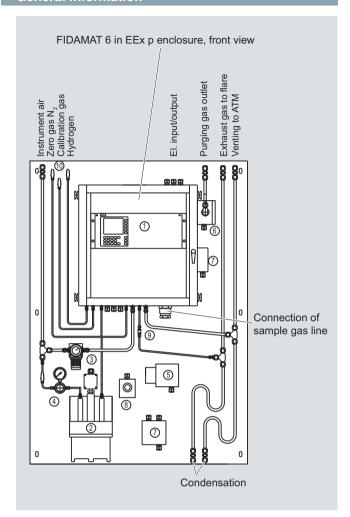


FIDAMAT 6 in protective housing

In a further version, the basic system can be ordered completely

assembled on a mounting plate with dimensions $1\,000\,x\,2\,000\,mm$ (W x H). This version additionally provides the complete combustion air preparation device, and is supplied with complete wiring and piping for installation in an analysis cabinet or standard protective cabinet.

General information



FIDAMAT 6 in protective housing on mounting plate with combustion air preparation device

Legend

- 1 FIDAMAT 6
- 2 Combustion air preparation device
- 3 Pressure reducer for purging air
- 4 Pressure reducer for combustion air
- 5 Pressure switch for combustion gas
- 6 Gönnheimer EEx p monitoring
- 7 Terminal box
- 8 Reset switch
- 9 Non-return valve
- 10 Ball valves

The system can be optionally ordered completely ready for connection in a standard protective cabinet made of sheet-steel or FRP.

With all versions, the gas connections on the process side can be ordered with metric or Imperial dimensions.

Combustion gas supply

The combustion gas supply can be ordered optional to the various versions.

The components are fitted on a mounting plate, and include:

- Pressure reducers required for combustion and calibration gases
- Flow limiter for combustion gas
- Solenoid valve for switching off the combustion gas in the event of a fault
- Automatic switchover of combustion gas supply to replacement cylinder

The pressure of the combustion gas cylinder is monitored by a pressure switch. If the set limit is fallen below, automatic switchover to the replacement cylinder is carried out. An alarm is triggered at the same time to signal that it is necessary to replace the cylinder. The continuous supply with combustion gas means that interruption-free operation of the equipment is guaranteed.

Combustion and calibration gases do not belong to the scope of delivery. These must be ordered separately as required.

General information

Function

The sample gas is supplied to the FIDAMAT 6 at pressure, and passes via an anti-clogging fused silicone restrictor to the flame ionization detector.

Hydrogen (H₂) is used as combustion gas. In the basic version, the FIDAMAT 6 is installed in an IP54 housing suitable for EEx(p) which is permanently purged with instrument air.

Purging prevents the formation of an explosive atmosphere in the housing should large leaks occur or if the combustion gas line breaks. To this end, any combustion gas released must be diluted down to a concentration < 25 % of the LEL. This requirement in accordance with DIN EN 60079-2 is achieved by permanent purging with instrument air at a flow rate of approx. 1 200 l/h.

The purging results in an overpressure in the protective housing. Therefore, any gas vapors which might occur occasionally cannot penetrate into the housing. The overpressure in the protective housing has a setpoint of 10 mbar. The monitored limits are between 0.8 and 15 mbar.

The purging flow rate for the protective housing and the set pressure limits are monitored.

In the event of a fault:

- The power supply to the FIDAMAT 6 is switched off
- The inputs/outputs of the FIDAMAT 6 are switched off by a Modex relay
- · The supply of combustion air is switched off by a solenoid valve outside the housing

The pressure of the combustion air supply for the FIDAMAT 6 is monitored by a pressure switch whose switching point is set to approx. 200 mbar below the supply pressure. If the pressure drops as a result of a leak or a break in the combustion gas line, the combustion air supply is switched off by a solenoid valve outside the housing.

Gases or gas mixtures that are frequently or continuously flammable must not be introduced into the FIDAMAT 6 gas analyzer.

The exhaust air and exhaust gas of the FIDAMAT 6 must be routed into the non-hazardous area.

Following installation and maintenance work affecting the gas paths, a leak test must be carried out as described in the manual

Technical specifications

Climatic conditions Ambient temperature -20 ... 30 °C · Cabinet without air-conditioning · Cabinet with air-conditioning -20 ... 50 °C Mounting plate 5 ... 30 °C Relative humidity < 90 %, non-condensing Corrosive atmosphere Auxiliary media Compressed air Approx. 6 000 hPa, purified instrument air, free of oil, water and dust Volume flow 1 200 l/h

• • •	
Supply voltage	• 100 120 V AC
	• 200 240 V AC
Frequency	48 63 Hz

Type of connections

Power supply

Pipe material	Stainless steel
Connections	Metric (6 mm)
	• Imperial (1/4")

Cabling

I 4 - II - 4!	
Cable ID	No labeling of individual cores
Type of cables	Non-armored cables
Electrical design	According to IEC
_	

Installation

O	
Ex-zone analyzer	ATEX II 3G
Site	Interior

System design	
Version	 Basic unit in protective housing in accordance with ATEX 610 x 600 x 630 mm (W x H x D)
	 Basic unit in protective housing on mounting plate, with process- ing of combustion air 1 000 x 1 530 mm (W x H)
	 Basic unit on mounting plate in cabinet 1 350 x 2 000 x 700 mm (W x H x D)
Dograp of protection	ID5/

Degree of protection Automatic calibration Optional Signal outputs 4 ... 20 mA / floating contact With sample gas return flow Add-on electronics (option) **AUTOCAL** extension • 8 additional binary inputs/outputs each 8 additional binary inputs/outputs each and PROFIBUS PA

Measuring response	See technical specifications of FIDAMAT 6 (page 2/187) See technical specifications of FIDAMAT 6 (page 2/187)	
Influencing variables		
Analyzer ID	Ex II 3G EEx n T3	

General information

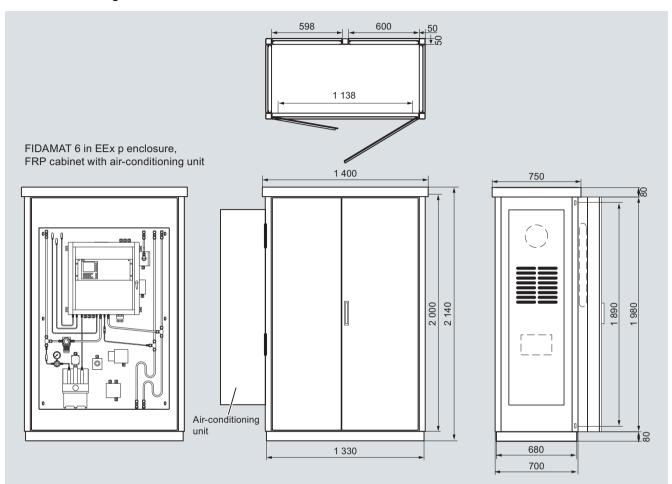
FIDAMAT 6 without pump, with heated oven, with combustion air connection					
Gases	Inlet pressure	Sample/calibration gas operating pressure		Flow through FID	Flow through bypass
		Without	With		
	hPa (abs.)	hPa (abs.)	hPa		
Combustion gas	3 000 5 000	2 000 ± 20		~ 25	_
Combustion air	3 000 5 000	1 485 ± 5	_	~ 320	~ 300
Sample gas	~ 2 000	_	1 500 ± 2	~ 3	~ 500
Zero gas	~ 2 000	_	1 500 ± 2	~ 3	~ 500
Calibration gas	~ 2 000	_	1 500 ± 2	~ 3	~ 500

Gas inlet conditions

Selection and ordering data	Order No.
FIDAMAT 6 in explosion-proof version according to ATEX	7MB1952 AA
Gas connections, process side	
With imperial thread	0
With metric thread	1
Supplementary electronics	
Without	A
AUTOCAL function	
With 8 additional binary inputs/8 additional binary outputs	В
With 8 additional binary inputs/outputs and PROFIBUS PA Exi	С
Power supply	
100 120 V AC, 48 63 Hz	A
200 240 V AC, 48 63 Hz	В
Language	
German	0
English	1
French	2
Spanish	3
Version	
FIDAMAT 6 basic unit in protective housing according to ATEX	0
Basic unit fitted on mounting plate, with combustion air preparation device	1
<u>Analysis cabinet</u>	
Without	0
Sheet-steel housing, with fan	1
GRP cabinet, with fan	2
With cooling unit	3
Combustion gas supply	
Without	0
Combustion gas supply fitted on mounting plate, but without gas cylinders	1

General information

Dimensional drawings



FIDAMAT 6 in standard protective cabinet, dimensions in mm

Set ASM

General information

Overview

The ASM is a PC-based HMI system for monitoring, testing and administration of analyzers in subsystems or in the complete plant. The relevant information of the analyzers is collected over a uniform communications network and saved in a central database. By means of the PC's user-friendly operator interface it is possible to access measured-value trends, device statuses and statistical evaluations, among others, or to start test routines for validation of the results. A comprehensive reporting module is available to document the evaluations.

Benefits

- Monitoring, testing and administration of many different types of analyzers using one system
- Visualization and operation using a single-user system up to distributed multiuser systems with redundant servers
- Assessment of the measured-value reliability through checking of the analyzers using various validation routines,
 e.g. based on the industry standard ASTM D 3764
- Increase in analyzer online time through use of the line sample method
- Statistical evaluation of operating statuses and determination of key performance indicators (KPI) such as availability, error rate and maintenance frequency
- Reduction in maintenance costs through device-specific planning, implementation and checking of maintenance work
- Documentation of the performance of individual analyzers up to the complete plant using the reporting module. The reports can be saved in the ASM or exported for further use.



View of the process module

Application

The ASM is ideal for all systems and plants where high reliability of the measured values and documentation of the analyzer performances are required. Using the communications network, remote analyzers can also be monitored from a central workstation

The ASM is particularly suitable for use in the oil and gas, petrochemical, and chemical industries, and can be applied in new plants or also in existing plants to optimize the analyzer landscape.

Design

System design

- PC-based HMI system
- Visualization and operation possible using a single-user system up to distributed multi-user systems with redundant servers
- Logging and archiving of process and system data in a central database
- Integration of different analyzers in a uniform communications network

System software

- Siemens SIMATIC WinCC for the HMI functions
- Microsoft SQL Server for archiving and data collection
- Microsoft Windows/ Windows Server as operating system

Communication

- An Ethernet network is the basis for communication
- Integration of analyzers using PROFINET, MODBUSTCP or OPC data exchange
- Analyzes without a communication interface can be integrated by connecting the signals to Siemens SIMATIC components
- Data exchange with other systems possible using OPC

Networking

- Siemens Scalance Ethernet switches for design of electrical and optical Industrial Ethernet in line and star structures; design in ring structures is possible to increase the fail-safety of the network
- Integration of the ASM in an existing Ethernet network may be possible

Set ASM

General information

Function

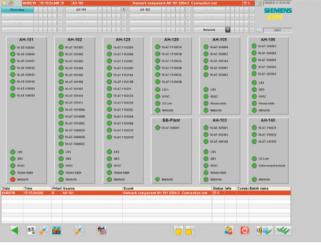
General information

The information of the analyzers is collected over the communications network and saved in the central ASM database for further analysis. The ASM is accessed using a Windows workstation, and it is possible to navigate between overview displays, device-specific displays, and general functions.

The ASM has the following function modules for each analyzer for carrying out the HMI tasks:

Module	Task
Process	Provides a detailed overview of the selected analyzer. The current analyzer status, planned maintenance work, and configuration data are displayed. The current measured values are displayed in a table, historical values can be analyzed with the trend display using selectable time windows.
Validation	Checking the reliability of the measured values of analyzers using various routines and methods. This test can be started automatically at specific intervals or manually by the ASM.
Calibration	Carries out a calibration on the analyzer and monitors the results (this module is only available for analyzers which support remote calibration, e.g. Siemens Maxum Ed. II, Siemens MicroSAM,).
Maintenance	Device-specific maintenance tasks can be specified here, their timing defined, and checked. Documentation such as maintenance procedures or manuals can be opened to support the maintenance work. The view of key performance indicators (KPI) provides a fast overview of the analyzer's performance such as availability, error rate and maintenance frequency
Reporting	This is a comprehensive function for producing customized reports. The module permits analysis of current and historical data in selectable time periods for documentation of the performance of individual analyzers up to the

complete plant using the reporting module. The reports can be saved in the ASM or exported for further use.



Overview of analyzers in a plant



View of the maintenance module



Examples of generated reports

General information

Further functions are:

- dition randitions and	
Function	Task
SCADA	The ASM provides all typical SCADA functions such as:
	 Password protection and different access privileges
	User administration
	 Signaling, acknowledgment and archiving of alarms and events
Network screen	Status display of the network devices. This overview displays the statuses of the Ethernet switches (online/uncertain/fault). The analyzer alarms are integrated in the ASM signaling system.
Reference bottle management	Management and assignment of reference gas cylinders. This information serves as reference values for the validation using the reference sampling method.
Equipment engineering	For configuring the analyzers. Among others, the analyzer-specific data is entered here, the type of validation is defined, and the number of measured values and units is entered.
Maxum software	Direct calling of the comprehensive Siemens configuration and operation software for Siemens Maxum edition II and MicroSAM. It is then possible to access the connected analyzers for maintenance, configuration, or viewing of chromatograms.

Validation

One of the core functions of the ASM is checking the analyzers for reliability of the measured values. Two different methods of measurement are available for recording the values, namely the reference sample method and the line sample method. The resulting values can be checked using different evaluation methods (based on ASTM D3764 or deviation). The objective of the validation is to recognize fluctuations and deviations with respect to a comparison value, and to thus permit a statement to be made on the reliability and drift of the measurement.

Method of measurement: reference sample method

The analyzer is disconnected from the process gas, and a reference gas connected for measurement. The composition of this reference gas has previously been specified in the "Reference bottle management" of the ASM. Using these values, the ASM determines the deviation between the measurement and the reference data.

Method of measurement: line sample method

With this method, a gas sample is extracted from the stream of sample gas to the analyzer, and analyzed in the laboratory. The resulting values are passed on to the ASM and compared with the analyzer's measured values. With this method, the analyzer need not be disconnected from the process gas, and permanently remains available for the process measurement.

Evaluation based on ASTM D3764

Based on the international standard ASTM D3764, the results are checked using various statistical methods, including standard deviation, Dixon freak value test, and systematic error.

Evaluation using deviation method

Limit values are defined for this evaluation: the warning limit and the control limit. Simple rules are used to define how the reliability of the measurement is to be assessed when these limits are violated. For example, it can be defined that a single violation of the limit can be tolerated, but that repeated violation is an impermissible condition.



View of the validation module

Technical specifications

- Processor type (recommended)
- Server: dual core, 3 GHz
- RAM (recommended)
- Client: Client: dual core, 2 GHz
 Server: 4 GB
- HAM (recommended)
- Client: 2 GB1)
- Graphics card (recommended)
- 32 MB, 1280 x 1024¹⁾
- Hard disk (recommended)
- Server: 2 x 160 GB (Raid 1)
- Client: 80 GB
- Hard disk (free space for installation, recommended)
- Server: > 40 GB
- DVD-ROM/ USB port
- Client: > 1.5 GB
- For software installation

Selection and ordering data

Please contact your Siemens sales partner for further information and for ordering.

¹⁾ Hardware requirement when using Microsoft XP Professional